

EXPLORESCIENCE

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Mars Sample Return (MSR) Presentation to the Planetary Advisory Committee November 30th, 2020

MSR Recent Accomplishments

- The MOU establishing the ESA/NASA MSR program partnership was signed by the NASA Administrator and the ESA Director General on October 5th
- IRB Final Report Released 11/10/20
- MCR completed 10/19/20
- SMD DPMC conducted 11/23
- APMC scheduled for 12/16/20
- IRB and SRB both endorsed proceeding into Phase A

MSR Architectural Overview



MSR Program Elements

Sample Retrieval Lander (SRL) Touchdown



Sample Transfer





Mars Ascent Vehicle (MAV) Launch



Earth Return Orbiter (ERO)



SRL EDL - Extended Divert

- SRL will carry enough propellant to fly out the backshell separation ellipse (8 x 8 km) and land at a specific spot (~±20m accuracy)
- Enables new capability of landing at a specific site scouted by Mars 2020





Overview of Green Pathways Across Jezero-Midway Region

NASA

andine

M2020 Reference Traverse Paths Identified SFR Green Pathways

> MDW Reference Ellipse



Rover Size Comparison





Mass = 173 kg

Number of wheels = 6 Wheel Diameter = 230 mm Wheel Type = Rigid

Susp Type = Rocker-Bogie w/
internal diff

Ground Clearance = 300 mm

Mass = 310 kg

Number of wheels = 6 Wheel Diameter = 285 mm Wheel Type = Compliant

Wheelbase = 1260 mm

Susp Type = 3x Bogie

Ground Clearance = est 250 mm Mass = 1030 kg

Number of wheels = 6 Wheel Diameter = 526 mm Wheel Type = Rigid

Wheelbase = 2260 mm

Susp Type = Rocker-Bogie w/ external diff

Ground Clearance = 584 mm

Mass = < 230 kg

Number of wheels = 4 Wheel Diameter = 550 mm Wheel Type = Compliant, Mesh

Wheelbase = 1550 mm

Susp Type = 4 wheel w/ external diff

Ground Clearance = 350 mm



Resiliency Decisions and Sample Safe States

- Through architecture design, created numerous sample-safe states and decision
 events
 - Sample(s) are designed to survive on the Mars surface for a minimum of 10 years
 - Functionally redundant paths for delivering samples to SRL (M2020 and SFR)
 - OS orbit is designed to be stable for a minimum of 10 years
 - OS designed to be capable of returning as many as 30 samples
- In Phase A, team will look carefully at each Phase for additional resiliency
- MSR is using resiliency to guide decision making
 - Testing and V&V programs will be detailed with focus on high risk areas
 - Probabilistic risk assessment will be used as part of the SE&I function to quantify risk as part of the Program decision-making process

MSR Launch Opportunities





26/26/31 Reference Design Slightly Worse than 26/26/31 Worse than 26/26/31 Much Worse than 26/26/31

- Each opportunity is evaluated based upon SRL and ERO designed specifically for that opportunity
- MRN = Mars Relay Network
 MRO, MAVEN, TGO
- Nomenclature: "28/27/33"
 - SRL Launches in 2028
 - ERO Launches in 2027
 - ERO Returns in 2033

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"2027-28" covers the potential for ERO to launch one year earlier and use an Earth flyby prior to utilizing a 2028 Earth - Mars transfer. These options are architecturally similar.

Science Integration Across Programs

- Science is working closely with system engineers on requirements and essential trade-offs.
- NASA/ESA Mars Sample Return Sample Planning Group Phase 2 (MSPG2) is addressing science and curation planning questions for analyzing returned samples, developing draft requirements for the Sample Receiving Facility.
 - Terms of Reference signed in April 2020, reports expected in Spring 2021
- COSPAR Sample Safety Assessment Protocol Working Group (SSAP) is developing a recommendation for determining when extraterrestrial samples are safe for distribution outside of containment.
 - Report out in Jan/Feb 2021 at COSPAR Assembly
 - NASA interests are represented through Planetary Protection, Mars Science, and US scientists
- An open community workshop for a Perseverance/MSR Sample Caching Strategy Workshop planned Jan. 2021, informing the draft operations M2020/MSR MOU



Going Forward- Phase A

- Complete Architectural Trade Studies recommended by IRB
 - Continue Technology and Engineering Development plans
 - Continue to work Planetary Protection requirements
 - Proceed with NEPA process
 - Work to ensure MSR coordination with M2020 Phase E sampling operations
- Work to maintain 2026 schedule through PDR, per IRB and SRB recommendations

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