



EXPLORE SOLAR SYSTEM&BEYOND

NASA Town Hall AAS 236th Meeting | June 1, 2020

Paul Hertz Director, Astrophysics Division Science Mission Directorate @PHertzNASA

Slides posted at http://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/documents

NASA Events at the



Monday, June 1

115 NASA Town Hall – 1:40 pm EDT; Annie Jump Cannon Meeting Room

Tuesday, June 2

 201 Dual-Anonymous Peer Review for NASA Astrophysics Proposals – 11:00 am EDT Annie Jump Cannon Meeting Room
 216 STScI Town Hall – 1:40 pm EDT; Annie Jump Cannon Meeting Room

Wednesday, June 3

315 NASA-NSF Exoplanet Observational Research (NN-EXPLORE) Program at the WIYN Observatory – 2:50 pm EDT; Maria Mitchell Room

Monday, June 1 – Wednesday, June 3 Visit the NASA Virtual Booth in the Exhibit Hall Exhibit webinars 10 times daily at 11:00, 11:30, 12:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 6:00 EDT



Division NASA Astrophysics

Division Director

Cutting

Cross



Paul Hertz Astrophysics Division Director



Astrophysics Division **Deputy Director**







xecutives



Shahid Habib COR, ExEP, PCOS ARIEL, Athena, Euclid, LISA



Jeff Hayes Astrophysics Operating Missions



David Jarrett

Roman

Not Pictured

Specialist



Mark Sistilli **Explorers Program** IXPE.SPHEREx Balloons



Eric Smith Chief Scientist Webb



Jeanne Davis Assoc Dir for Flight ASM Program Manager



Mario Perez Chief Technologist SAT, RTF

Lisa Wainio Information Manager, **Public Affairs Liaison**

Not Pictured





Kelly Johnson Administrative Assistant

Mathew Riggs Administrative Assistant

Not Pictured

Jackie Mackall Program Support



Ingrid Farrell Program Support Specialist





William Latter

APRA (Lab Astro)

Spitzer, SPHEREx, Fermi

HYSICS DIVIS

APRA Lead

Dominic Benford Valerie Connaughton APRA (High Energy)

Not Pictured



XRISM



PCOS Program NICER **Dual Anon.PR**



Michael Garcia APRA (UV/Optical). CubeSats/SmallSats Hubble, Athena

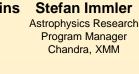


Thomas Hams APRA (CR. Fund. Phys.) Rockets/Balloons GUSTO, LISA



Education/Comms Citizen Science, Archives Astro. Advisory Cmte.

Hashima Hasan Douglas Hudgins ExEP Program ADAP Lead TESS, ARIEL





Not Pictured

Future



Rita Sambruna GSFC (on detail)



Evan **Scannapieco** ATP / TCAN Lead



Kartik Sheth COR Program

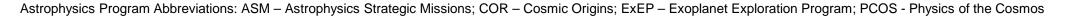


Program



APRA (IR/Submm) Euclid, IXPE







FINNEST, Swift



Linda Sparke Astrophysics Explorers











Patricia Knezek Hubble Fellows SOFIA



Join the Team at NASA Headquarters

One or more program scientists will be hired this summer

Job opening starting June 15 (planned) for 5 days at <u>https://usajobs.gov</u> Due to hiring authority used, applications will only be accepted during a 5-day window

AAS Job Register: https://jobregister.aas.org/ad/8d061472

Work as part of a diverse and agile team whose core values include excellence, integrity, transparency, teamwork and a growth mindset toward stewarding the nation's space-based astrophysics program

NASA encourages applications from candidates with non-traditional career paths, or individuals who are at earlier stages of their careers may have demonstrated experience in different ways.

Candidates are encouraged to contact NASA so they can make a well informed decision on submitting an application during the very short (5 day) window when the job opportunity will be open for applications

Questions about this anticipated opening for an Astrophysics Program Scientist at NASA Headquarters may be directed to Eric Smith, Chief Scientist, Astrophysics Division, <u>eric.p.smith@nasa.gov</u>



NASA Astrophysics Celebrate Accomplishments



NASA Science Plan Released



- Implement recommendations of Decadal Surveys in concert with national priorities and needs through creative partnership models that go beyond traditional ways of developing and executing missions
- Challenge assumptions about what is technically feasibly and enable revolutionary scientific discovery through a deliberate focus on innovation, experimentation, and cross-disciplinary research
- Create a more collaborative culture within SMD and across science community, encouraging diversity of thought, sharing best practices, and informed risk-taking to improve operations
- Develop future leaders and inspire learners of all ages through new opportunities and hands-on experiences

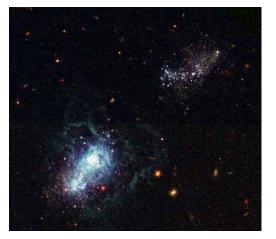
Hubble Space Telescope at 30: Awesome ies and Innovation", Jennifer Wiseman, Senior roject Scientist (GSFC), AAS webinar: Monday June 1 @ 2:00 pm EDT, Exhibit Hall

Next for Hubble?", Rachel Osten (STScI), AAS Vednesday June 3 @ 2:00 pm EDT, Exhibit Hall

JBBI F

https://www.nasa.gov/content/hubbles-30th-anniversary

What did Hubble see on your birthday?



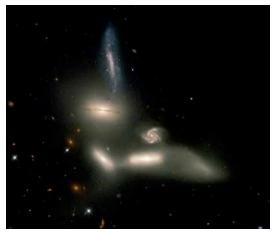
Galileo Zwicky 18



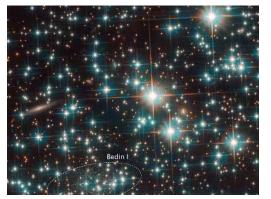
Edwin Hubble Arp 148



S. Chandrasekhar Comet Siding Spring



Lyman Spitzer Seyfert's Sextet



Arthur Compton NGC 6752



James Webb GOODS South



Nancy Grace Roman Hickson Group 90



Vera Rubin Jupiter

https://www.nasa.gov/content/goddard/what-did-hubble-see-on-your-birthday

The NANCY GRACE ROMAN SPACE TELESCOPE

"Your Next Flagship: the Roman Space Telescope", led by Dominic Benford, Roman Program Scientist, AAS webinar: Monday June 1 @ 3:30 pm EDT, Exhibit Hall

COVID-19: Bottom Line Up Front

Operating Missions & Data Archives: All performing nominally Except SOFIA, which is currently not flying

R&A: NASA continues to solicit, review, select, and fund ROSES and GO proposals through telework and virtual reviews

OMB has provided Agencies with flexibilities to better support proposers and grantees, including soft money researchers and early career researchers ADAP-21 is cancelled, ADAP-20 is doubled

XRP and TCAN proposal due dates are delayed

Missions in development: Each project is impacted differently

Project teams are doing as much as they can virtually right now

James Webb Space Telescope continues to be a priority

Work on NASA missions is being restarted safely at NASA Centers on a case-by-case basis

Many of NASA's contractors and partners have continued to work



NASA Astrophysics Committed to Improving



Inspiring Future Leaders



Achieve excellence by relying on diverse teams, both within and external to NASA, to most effectively perform SMD's work

Attract and retain talent by promoting a culture that actively encourages diversity and inclusion and removes barriers to participation

Encourage development of future leaders, including the next generation of mission principal investigators, through targeted outreach and hands-on opportunities

Support early-career scientists to build careers working with NASA

Engage the general public in NASA Science, including opportunities for citizen scientists

Mission PI Development

Seek to increase the diversity of mission principal investigators and develop the next generation of mission leaders to ensure that new ideas and mission concepts are brought forward

NASA Science has:

Developed a consolidated PI resources webpage at <u>https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/new-pi-resources</u>, which also includes SMD presentation on lessons learned from past selections

Introduced a pre-reviews of mission peer review panels to ensure diversity and reduce conflicts of interest

Included career development positions and associated evaluation criteria as part of AOs

Held first "PI Launchpad"

Hosted "So You Think You Want To Be A NASA Mission PI" town halls

First PI Launchpad



Aimed at researchers and engineers who would like to submit a NASA space mission proposal in the next few years but don't know where to start

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/pi-launchpad

Nancy Grace Roman Technology Fellows

<u>2019</u>:

Regina Caputo, NASA GSFC (cosmic rays/gamma-ray) **Sarah Heine**, MIT (optics and gratings for polarimeters) **Gregory Mace**, UT Austin (optics and spectroscopy)

<u>2018</u>:

Manel Errando, Washington University, St. Louis Adam McCaughan, NIST/Boulder Varun Verma, NIST/Boulder

<u>2017</u>:

Abigail Vieregg, University of Chicago **Omid Noroozian**, NRAO

<u>2016</u>:

Erika Hamden, California Institute of Technology **Daniel Cunnane**, NASA Jet Propulsion Lab **Eric Schindhelm**, Southwest Research Institute

<u>2015</u>:

John Conklin, University of Florida Brian Fleming, University of Colorado Tyler Groff, Princeton University

<u>2014</u>:

Not solicited



<u>2013</u>:

Cullen Blake, University of Pennsylvania **Kevin France**, University of Colorado

<u>2012</u>:

Judd Bowman, Arizona State University Michael McElwain, NASA GSFC Randall McEntaffer, University of Iowa





2020 NASA Hubble Fellows



How does the universe work? Einstein Fellows How did we get here? Hubble Fellows Are we alone? Sagan Fellows

https://hubblesite.org/contents/news-releases/2020/news-2020-20 http://www.stsci.edu/stsci-research/fellowships/nasa-hubble-fellowship-program/2020-nhfp-fellows

NASA Hubble Fellowship Program

Fellows are asking for the assurance of parental leave and the option of saving for their eventual retirement with the assistance of their employer.

Fellows who are employees of their host institutions typically have these benefits.

Stipendiary fellows to do not receive employee benefits even though the NHFP is willing to pay the full cost of the employee benefits package.

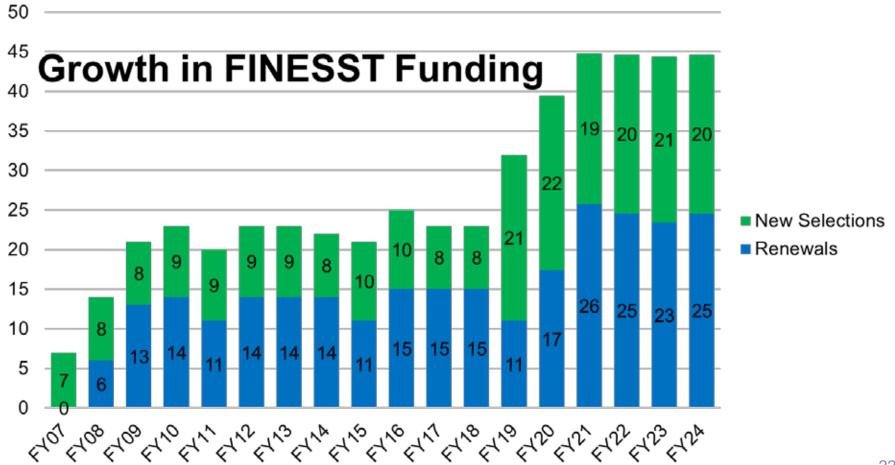
The Space Telescope Science Institute (STScI) has approved a change to the requirements for NHFP host institutions.

Starting with academic year 2022-2023, host institutions must offer their NHFP Fellows the opportunity to be employees. Employee status is being required to afford NHFP Fellows the same leave, vacation, retirement and health benefits (as applicable) given by these institutions to their postdoctoral fellows hired on grants or contracts as employees.

Direct any questions or comments on this policy to nhfp@stsci.edu

Graduate Student Research Awards

NASA Earth and Space Science Fellowship (NESSF) program name changed to Future Investigators in NASA Earth and Space Science and Technology (FINESST) in 2019 to more accurately capture the nature of awards.



Dual-Anonymous Peer Reviews in Astrophysics

NASA is strongly committed to ensuring that the review of proposals is performed in an equitable and fair manner that reduces or eliminates unconscious bias.

To this end, motivated by a successful pilot program conducted for the Hubble Space Telescope, all Astrophysics General Observer / General Investigator (GO/GI) proposals will be evaluated using dualanonymous peer review.

In addition, the NASA Science Mission Directorate will conduct pilot programs in dual-anonymous peer review for non-GO/GI ROSES program elements in 2020.

- One ROSES program element from each Division will be conducted in 2020 using dual-anonymous peer review.
- Proposals submitted to the Astrophysics Data Analysis Program and the Habitable Worlds Program in 2020 will be evaluated using dual-anonymous peer review.

Dual Anonymous Peer Review Special Session Tuesday June 2 @ 11:00 am EDT Annie Jump Cannon Meeting Room

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/dual-anonymous-peer-review

Why Volunteer to Serve on a NASA Peer Review Panel?

Personal professional development:

- See how the whole review process works
- Learn what constitutes excellent proposals
- Network with your professional colleagues and NASA scientific staff

Institutional achievement:

- Improve at competing for NASA money
- Increase knowledge of NASA's educational programs and research technology

Investment in the future:

- Help select the most transformative science
- Ensure that all proposals receive a fair and competent review

Sign up to be a panel reviewer:

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/volunteer-review-panels



Keep Informed about NASA

NSPIRES mailing list – information about NASA solicitations https://nspires.nasaprs.com/

Cosmic Origins mailing list, Exoplanet Exploration mailing list, Physics of the Cosmos mailing list – information about NASA missions and science <u>https://cor.gsfc.nasa.gov/cornews-mailing-list.php</u> <u>https://exoplanets.nasa.gov/exep/exopag/announcementList/</u> <u>https://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/pcosnews-mailing-list.php</u>

NASA Astrophysics Federal Advisory Committees

Astrophysics Advisory Committee (APAC) <u>https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/nac/science-advisory-committees/apac</u> NAS Committee on Astronomy and Astrophysics (CAA)

http://sites.nationalacademies.org/bpa/bpa_048755

Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee (AAAC) <u>https://www.nsf.gov/mps/ast/aaac.jsp</u>

Sign up to be a panel reviewer:

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/volunteer-review-panels



NASA Astrophysics Research Program Update



R&A PROGRAMS

>1,000 Proposals Received
 26% Success Rate
 ~\$100M Awarded Annually

TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

~\$140M Invested Annually

NEW Pls

>180 Per Year in R&A Prog >120 Per Year in GO Prog

GO PROGRAMS

>2,000 Proposals Received 19% Success Rate ~\$70M Awarded Annually Astrophysics Research by the NUMBERS

CUBESATS

6 Current Programs ~1 Launch Per Year

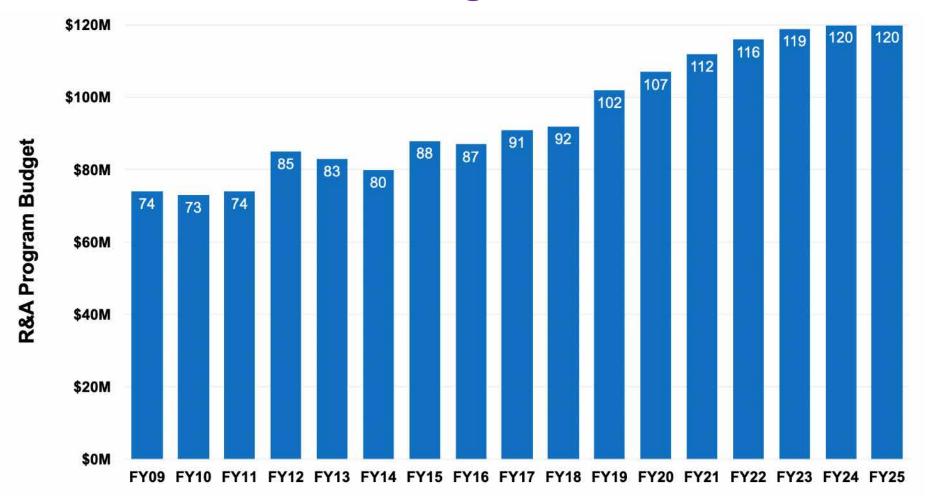
SOUNDING ROCKETS

9 Current Programs 3-4 Launches Per Year

BALLOONS

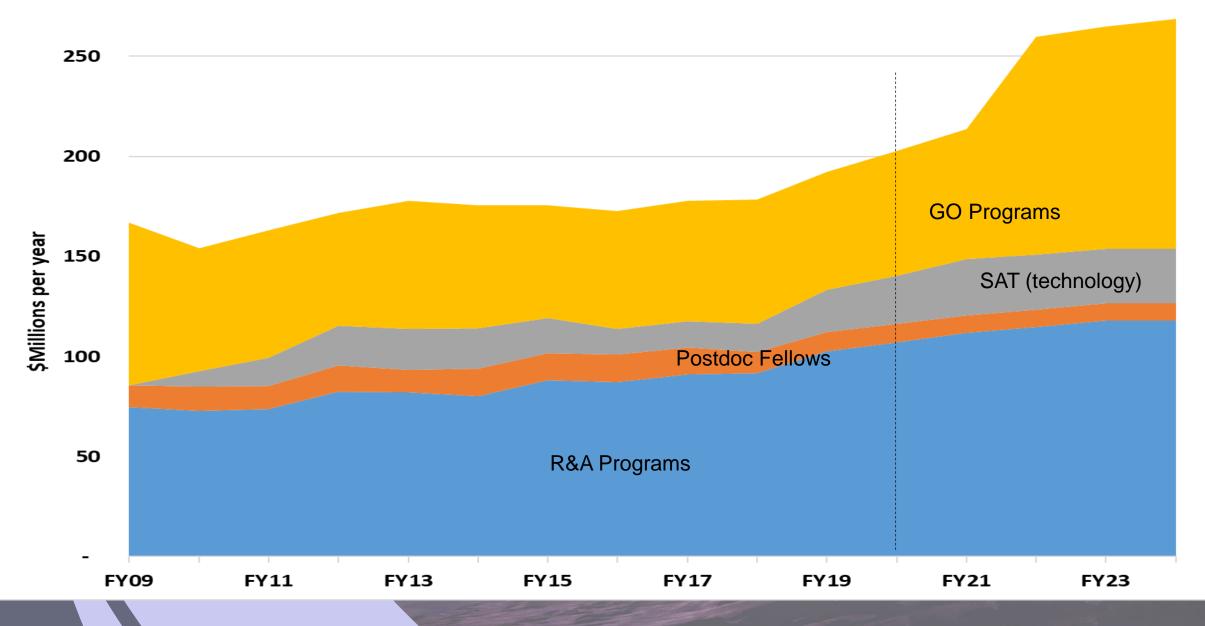
18 Current Programs 3-6 Launches Per Year

R&A Research Funding



• R&A research funding increases by 54% over 17 years.

^{*}Astrophysics Community Funding



ROSES-2020 Program Elements

Supporting Research and Technology

- Astrophysics Research & Analysis (APRA), includes Lab Astro equipment
- Strategic Astrophysics Technology (SAT) Canceled this year
- Roman Technology Fellowships (RTF)
- Astrophysics Theory Program (ATP) (biennial, not this year)
- Theoretical and Computational Astrophysics Networks (TCAN) (triennial, this year)
- Exoplanet Research Program (XRP) (cross-div)
- Topical Workshops, Symposia, and Conferences (TWSC)

Data Analysis

- Astrophysics Data Analysis (ADAP)
- GO/GI programs for:
 - Fermi
 - Swift
 - NuSTAR
 - TESS
 - NICER

New in ROSES-2020:

- SAT canceled in anticipation of the 2020 Decadal Survey
- Lab Astro equipment in APRA (see separate slide)
- Exoplanet Research Program consolidates exoplanet proposals (see separate slide)
- Astrophysics Pioneers (see separate slide)
- Astrophysics participates in cross-divisional TWSC
- XRISM Guest Scientist Program (one time)
- LISA Preparatory Science (one time)
- Astrophysics Explorers U.S. Participation Investigators (APEX USPI)
- Data Management Plan will be evaluated as part of the intrinsic merit of proposals

Mission Science and Instrumentation

- Sounding rocket, balloon, cubesat, and ISS payloads solicited through APRA
- XRISM Guest Scientists
- LISA Preparatory Science
- Astrophysics Explorers U.S. Participating Investigators (triennial, this year)
- Astrophysics Pioneers

Separately Solicited

- GO/GI/Archive/Theory programs for:
 - Chandra
 - Hubble
 - SOFIA
 - Webb
- NASA Hubble Fellowship
 Program
- NASA Postdoctoral Program
- FINESST Graduate Student Research Awards

R&A Accommodation due to COVID-19

SMD is finalizing a process to provide limited adjustments to existing grants. Not all grants can be made whole, however

- The focus will be on mitigating the impacts of the COVID-19 epidemic on the most vulnerable of us: graduate students, post-docs, and early career researchers in soft money positions
- SMD does not want the COVID-19 epidemic to massively derail the careers of future leaders
- Details will be made public by the end of June
- SMD is considering options for helping SMD-funded, recently graduated PhDs and post-docs whose appointments are ending to weather the expected freeze in hiring by many research institutions

Review panels have all been converted to virtual events and are functioning well albeit in many cases taking longer than originally planned

This will be the norm until at least September

R&A Accommodation due to COVID-19

OMB has issued guidance; NASA has instituted a number of grant administration flexibilities to ease the burden on grant recipients during the COVID-19 emergency.

Allows NASA to remove barriers for faster funding of grantees

Allows for paying soft-money researchers as well as graduate students, post-docs, and other lab staff during the COVID-19 epidemic, if the institution's own policies allow for it

Allows for institutions to charge restart costs to their grants

Provides agencies flexibility with regard to the submission of proposals, including accepting late proposals

FAQs to help you navigate:

SMD COVID-19 Grants FAQ: <u>https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/sara/library-and-useful-links</u> NASA FAQ on Grants and Research during the COVID-19 Epidemic: <u>https://www.nssc.nasa.gov/grants</u>

OMB guidance in Memo M-20-17: <u>https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/M-20-17.pdf</u>

NRESS Virtual Panel Meetings Support:

https://nspires.nasaprs.com/tutorials/infoPage/virtualSupport.html

Watch the NSPIRES email lists for up-to-the-minute changes in due dates or policies

R&A Accommodation due to COVID-19

R&A management at NASA HQ continues via telework

No ROSES-20 astrophysics solicitations have been canceled due to COVID-19

ADAP will not be offered in 2021 to reduce the community workload next year as we recover from the impacts of COVID-19

Two ROSES-20 solicitations (TCAN, ADAP) have moved proposal due dates into late June to provide proposers additional preparation time

Five Astrophysics R&A peer reviews have already been conducted as virtual reviews since March, with no adverse effect on quality of reviews

All peer reviews until at least September are being conducted virtually

Astrophysics Data Analysis Program

ADAP will not be offered in 2021 to reduce the community workload next year as we recover from the impacts of COVID-19: focus our efforts without reducing opportunity space

- All of the funding planned for selections in both 2020 and 2021 will be committed in 2020 no reduction in funding to the community
- The number of selected proposals will approximately double
- This allows more awardees to be assured of funding this year
- This reduces the work for both NASA and the community without reducing the opportunity space for community funding
- No change to plan for ADAP to be dual anonymous this year

Proposals due June 30, 2020

Community comment is sought

- COPAG conducted a survey (<u>https://forms.gle/hyrxTzHi8z5UCQGP8</u> by June 5)
- APAC will discuss at their June 23-24 meeting

Lab Astro Equipment Initiative

Updating and maintaining existing laboratories is a critical need:

- New science requires new and improved laboratory systems.
- The number, complexity, and energy range of NASA lab astro programs and their associated data needs continue to grow.

Starting in ROSES-20, a new Lab Astro Equipment Initiative provides additional funding to support lab equipment proposals.

- This initiative is not intended to support building of new complete labs. The goal is to:
 - Enable new science with new equipment
 - Replace and/or upgrade failing equipment
- Proposals that request Lab Astro equipment upgrades can be submitted through APRA with proposals due on December 17
 - ROSES-20 D.3 APRA will be amended within the next few weeks

Exoplanet Research Program Consolidation

Purpose: combine skills and disciplines from across divisional boundaries and scientific cultures to make the most impact upon strategic and solicited exoplanet science

- Starting in ROSES-20, the scope of Astrophysics ROSES Appendix D is changing to exclude exoplanet research elements from ADAP, ATP, and the Lab Astro component of APRA. Technology development within APRA will not be affected.
- Historical levels of APD exoplanet research funded through ADAP, ATP, and APRA will be maintained, but distributed through XRP.
- In addition to Planetary Science Division, Heliophysics Division and Earth Science Division are now financial partners in XRP, increasing the total funding available to the program.
- As a result, the funding allocation for XRP increases substantially

FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23
\$8.9M	\$10.2M	\$11.6M	\$12.7M
	+15%	+30%	+43%

Citizen Science

Citizen Science (CS) is a form of open collaboration in which individuals participate voluntarily in the scientific process

Current projects at https://science.nasa.gov/citizenscience

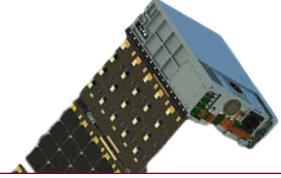
Proposers to any ROSES program element may incorporate citizen science and crowdsourcing methodologies into proposals, where such methodologies advance the proposed investigation

NASA Citizen Science Community Workshop series online every other Wednesday until September 30, 2020, at https://nasacitsci2020.gmri.org/home

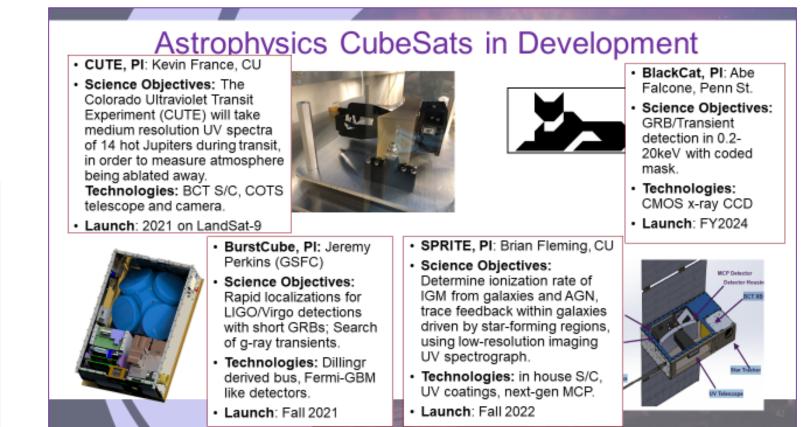
NASA's Astrophysics, Heliophysics, and Planetary Science Divisions will release a joint ROSES-20 program element for a Citizen Science Seed Funding Program to fund prototyping of citizen science projects relevant to the three Divisions

NASA Astrophysics CubeSats

The Astrophysics Division is investing approximately \$5M per year in a CubeSat initiative.



- HaloSat, PI: Phil Kaaret, U. Iowa
- Science Objectives: HaloSat is mapping soft X-ray oxygen line emission across the sky in order to constrain the mass and spatial distribution of hot gas in the Milky Way.
- **Technologies:** BCT S/C, COTS detectors, collimators with no optics.
- Deployed: Jul 13, 2018, from ISS



CubeSat proposals may be submitted to APRA, due date December 17

Astrophysics Pioneers

The FY21 President's Budget Request contains a new initiative for Astrophysics – Astrophysics Pioneers: A new class of small missions

Fills the gap between existing ROSES investigations (<\$10M for APRA) and existing Explorers MO investigations (<\$35M for SmallSats)

Includes SmallSats, Large CubeSats (> 6U), CubeSat constellations (all as rideshare/secondary payloads), major balloon missions, and ISS attached payloads with a \$20M cost cap, not including launch

Managed as Research and Analysis projects with enhanced oversight, defined gates, and light touch management from NASA, rather than flight project processes appropriate for a SMEX

NASA will no longer solicit ISS attached payloads within APRA

NASA will no longer solicit balloon payloads within Explorers MO

Draft released May 14, Comments due June 15 via email to Michael.R.Garcia@nasa.gov



NASA Astrophysics Missions Program Update



Coronavirus (COVID-19) Response – Missions

- Missions in operation continue nominally
 - Most MOC and SOC staff working virtually
 - o SOFIA currently grounded, but planned maintenance has resumed
 - Space Communications Program continues to support uplinks/downlinks and has a plan in place if local conditions at network sites affect communications capabilities
- Missions in development are doing as much as they can virtually right now
 - o Suspended most hands-on work within NASA, including suborbital research
 - Work is being restarted at NASA Centers on a case-by-case basis when it can be done safely
 - o Many of NASA's contractors and partners have continued to work safely
- Prioritizing Mars 2020 as it is close to launch
 - o James Webb Space Telescope also continues to be a priority
 - Although the NASA portion of the NASA/NGSS team returned home mid-March, and I&T at NGSS had reduced shifts, NASA staff have now returned to NGSS and two shifts will be started soon; Observatory I&T continues making progress

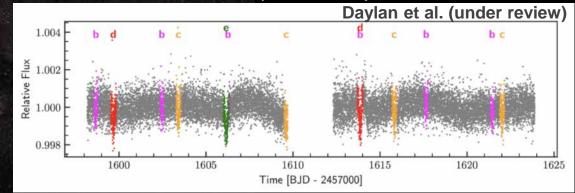
TESS Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite

https://tess,gsfc.nasa.gov

Observation Sector 25 Orbit 57: May 14 - May 26 Orbit 58: May 27 - June 8

Four-planet system orbiting a bright Sun-like star

HD 108236 (TOI-1233)

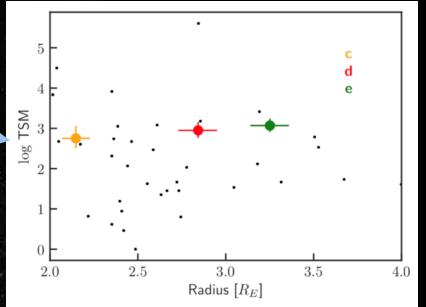


Brightest sun-like star to host 4 transiting planets. Three outer planets are among the best JWST sub-Neptunes for spectroscopy:

Transmission Spectrum Metric TSM planets

> High TSM = great JWST target

> > Daylan et al. (2020)



47 confirmed planets 1837 planet candidates

280 publications submitted, 214 peer-reviewed (53% exoplanets, 47% astrophysics)

Last update: May 22, 2020

SOFIA Stratospheric Observatory for Infrared Astronomy

SOFIA began its extended mission in October 2019, and suspended flight operations in March 2020 due to COVID-19



SOFIA Project has implemented major initiatives to improve scientific productivity and impact

Legacy programs are larger fraction of the total observing time

Two legacy programs scheduled in Summer 2020 from New Zealand

Joint project and synergies implemented with other NASA missions and observatories:

- Mapping water on Moon in support of VIPER/Artemis mission
- SOFIA Cycle 9 to support JWST ERS programs
- Joint Hubble-SOFIA pilot demonstration program (exploring)
- Joint Green Bank Observatory SOFIA proposals (under final review)

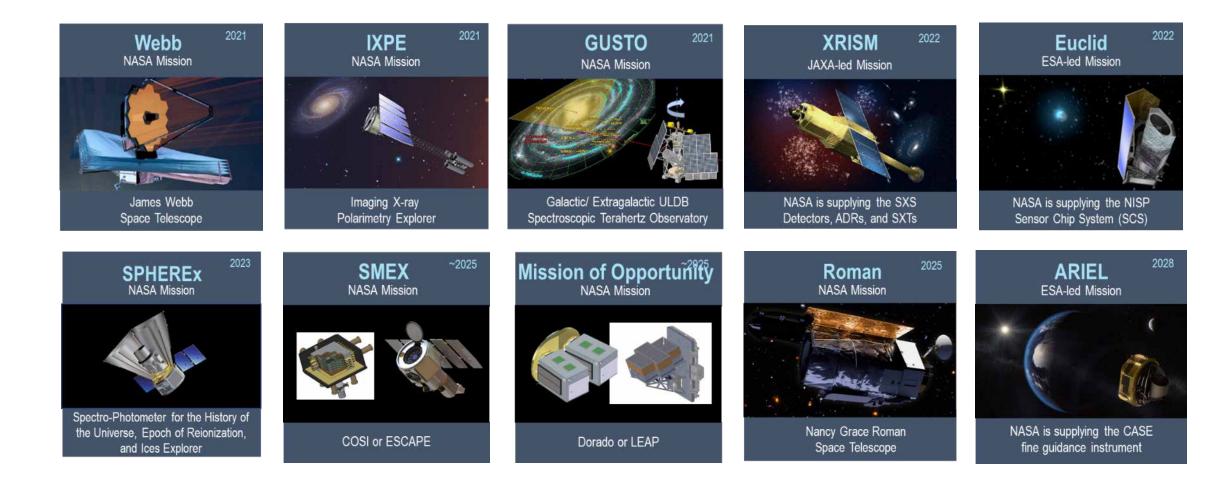
More strategic use of the Director's Discretionary Time

 e.g., recent Betelgeuse observing campaign using four SOFIA instruments; Moon pilot legacy program

Higher program completion rate by moving to a two-year scheduling cycle; potentially increasing observing opportunities

"Community Update", led by Margaret Meixner, Director of SOFIA Science Mission Operations, AAS webinar: Tuesday June 2 @ 3 pm EDT

Astrophysics Missions in Development



Launch dates are current project working dates; Agency Baseline Commitment launch date could be later; impacts of COVID-19 not yet known

"James Webb Space Telescope Overview", led by Jonathan Gardner (GSFC) and Klaus Pontoppidan (STScI), AAS webinar: Tuesday June 2 @ 2:00 pm EDT, Exhibit Hall



The Webb observatory in the clean room in Redondo Beach, CA in August 2019

Webb

The James Webb Space Telescope



2020 Accomplishments

- Work continuing at Northrop, but at lower efficiency due to social distancing practices required by COVID19 response.
- Completing deployment test in preparation for Observatory-level environmental tests
- Conducted several mission rehearsals at the mission operation center (STScI)

2020 Remaining Plans

- After coming out of COVID19 response restrictions project will formally evaluate schedule
- Observatory-level environmental testing
- Post Observatory-level environmental testing deployments
- Additional mission rehearsals at STScI
- Release of Cycle 1 General Observer call ⁵³

Webb Final Assembly

Space Telescope Science Institute (STScI) Town Hall: Tuesday June 2 @ 1:40 pm, Annie Jump Cannon Meeting Room

 No schedule for Webb Cycle 1 GO/AR proposals has been announced.

• An update on the schedule will be announced in mid- to late-July.

• At least 12 weeks notice of the proposal deadline will be provided.



The fully assembled and folded observatory at Northrop Grumman, Space Park (May 2020). This is the configuration that Webb will be in when it is mated to the Ariane 5 launch vehicle in 2021. After environmental testing in this configuration it undergoes one more set of deployment testing (primary mirror and sunshield) before a final fold back into this configuration.

Roman Space Telescope (formerly Wide-Field Infrared Survey Telescope)

Confirmed and entered Phase C on Feb 28, 2020

https://www.nasa.gov/feature/nasa-approves-development-ofuniverse-studying-planet-finding-mission

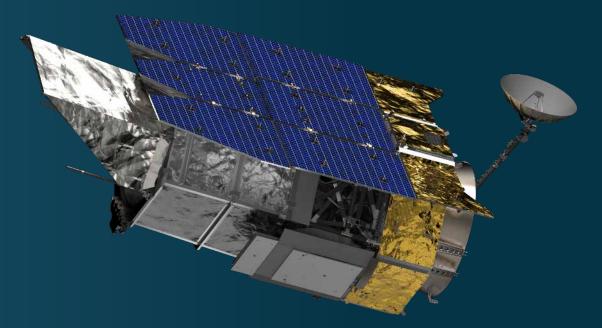
Roman is fully funded in FY20

2020: Flight hardware being developed: mirror being figured, detectors being fabricated, spacecraft subsystems being delivered, coronagraph demo unit in testbed

2021 – Complete Critical Design Reviews

c.2026 – Launch

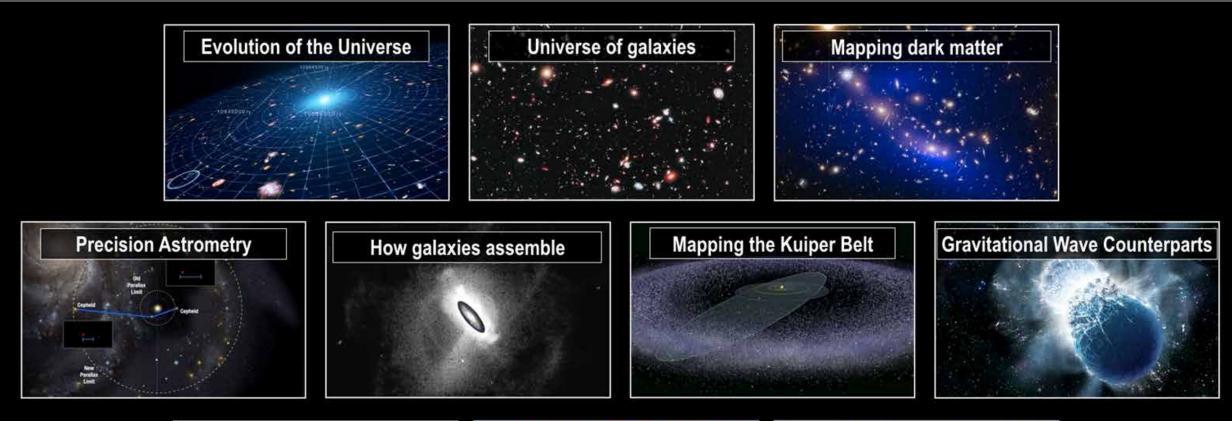
https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-telescope-named-formother-of-hubble-nancy-grace-roman



Roman field-of-view is 100× *Hubble* field-of-view

Roman is 100 to 1500 times faster than *Hubble* for large surveys at equivalent area and depth

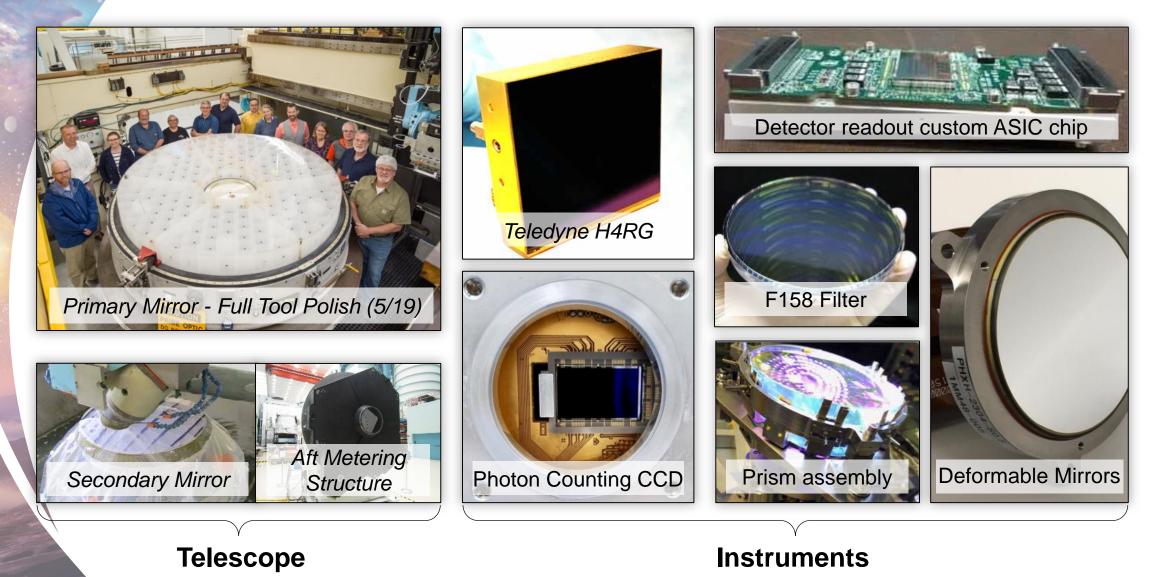
"Your Next Flagship: the Roman Space Telescope", led by Dominic Benford, Roman Program Scientist, AAS webinar: Monday June 1 @ 3:30 pm EDT, Exhibit Hall





Roman will impact almost every area of astrophysics for almost every astronomer

Roman Hardware Progress



Roman is for You

All Roman observing time is available through open processes

- Major Legacy Surveys defined using a community-driven open process in the coming year
- Key Projects science investigations using these surveys will be openly competed
- *Roman* observing time also available for GO projects using *Roman*'s unique widefield imaging, spectroscopic, and time domain capabilities
- All data will be available to the community with no period of limited access

Roman observing program will be based on community input

• NASA and STScI have convened community groups to provide input on balance among observing programs and on trades during development, integration, and test

Roman General Observers / Archival Researchers Program

- Use Roman for conducting wide-field infrared surveys of the universe
- Use data from *Roman* Legacy Surveys for compelling astrophysics investigations
- Calls for proposals to be issued before launch and subsequently

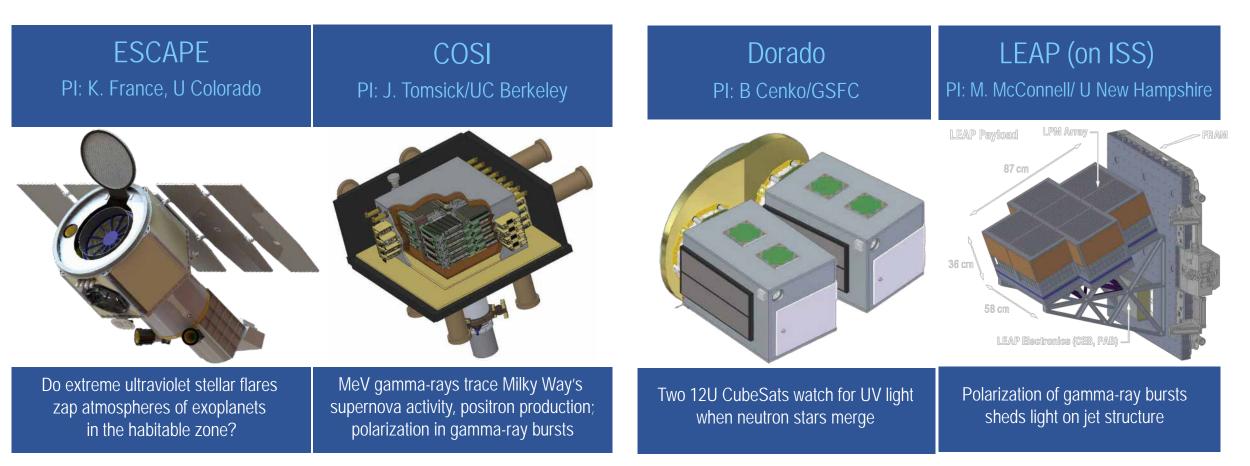
Roman Coronagraph Participating Scientist Program

- Develop observing plans for demonstrating coronagraph capabilities
- Work with instrument team to process data from tech demo observations
- Call for proposals anticipated in the coming year

Astrophysics Explorers in Competitive Phase A

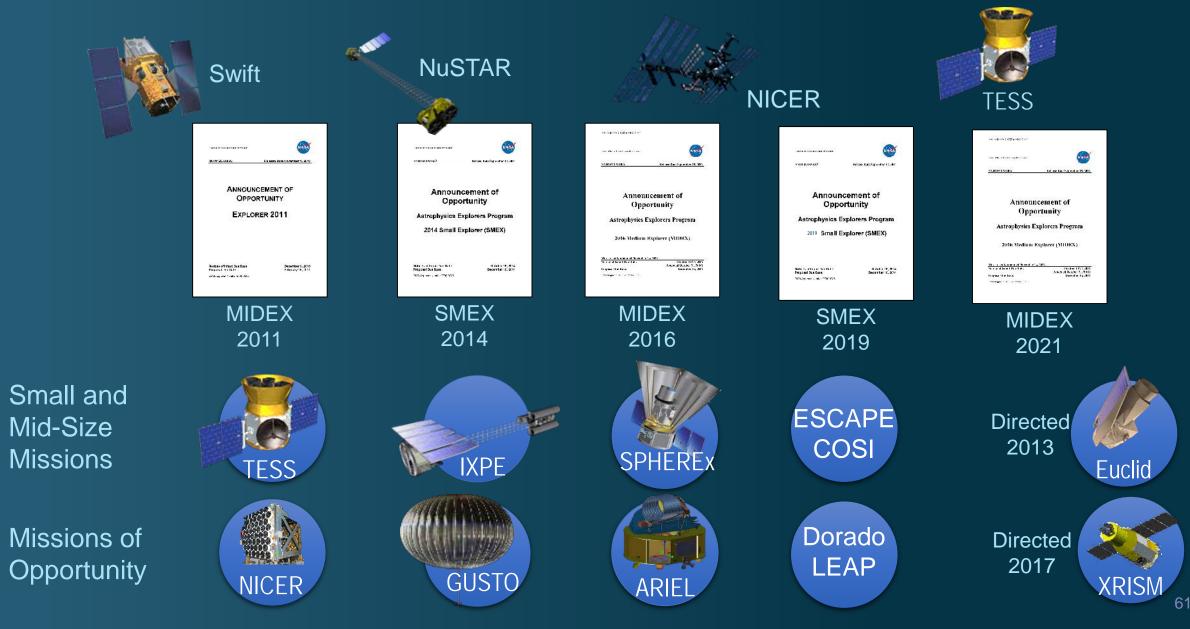
Small Explorers

Missions of Opportunity



March 16, 2020: https://www.nasa.gov/press-release/nasa-selects-proposals-to-study-volatile-stars-galaxies-cosmic-collisions

Astrophysics Explorers Program



Explorers Policy Update

NASA establishes partnerships with international space agencies to advance its strategic objectives in science

PI proposed partnerships have not been an effective manner of establishing NASA contributions to partner-led missions

- These are "Partner Mission of Opportunity" (PMO) proposals
- Over the past 10 years, we received 17 PMO proposals, selected only 3 for Phase A, and downselected only 1 for flight (ARIEL)
- Of those 3, all could have been initiated strategically instead of PI-proposed
- Of the other 14, most could have been declined without receiving a proposal
- We have concluded that the PMO process is not a successful or efficient process for establishing partnerships

SMD will no longer solicit PMO proposals

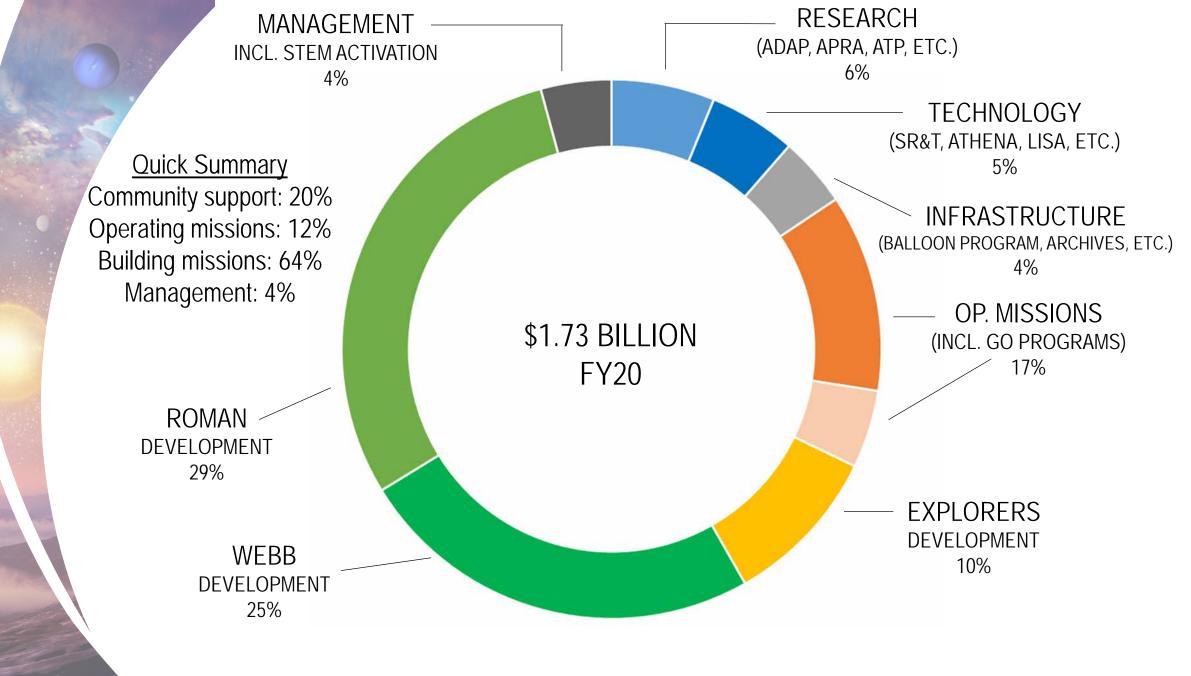
• SMD will still allow PI-led Explorers missions to be proposed that include a partner contribution, generally limited to be <1/3 of the mission per the AO

SMD will continue to seek community input on potential partnerships

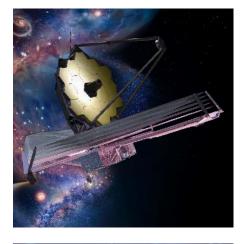


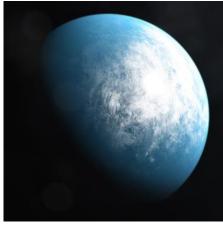
NASA Astrophysics Planning for the Future

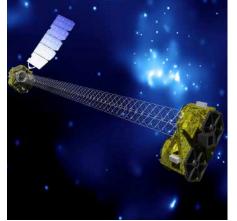




Astrophysics FY21 Budget Request









Supports Webb launch in 2021

Maintains decadal cadence of four AOs per decade for Astrophysics Explorers and Missions of Opportunity

Maintains healthy research program including CubeSats, suborbital missions, technology development, data analysis, theoretical and computational investigations, and laboratory astrophysics

Initiates new class of Astrophysics Pioneers: SmallSats and major balloon missions with reduced management overhead compared to traditional Astrophysics Explorers

Extends operating missions beyond FY20 with GO programs following 2019 Senior Review

Supports formulation of a probe mission as early as 2022

Supports mission concept studies and technology investments to implement Astrophysics Decadal Survey priorities starting in 2022

Terminates SOFIA due to high operating costs and lower science productivity to date

Given its significant cost and competing priorities within NASA, provides no funding for Roman Space Telescope

Humans Return by 2024



LRO: Continued surface and landing site investigation

> Artemis II: First humans to orbit the Moon in the 21st century

Artemis I: First human spacecraft to the Moon in the 21st century

Artemis Support **Mission: First** high-power Solar Electric Propulsion (SEP) system

Artemis Support **Mission: First** pressurized module delivered to Gateway

Large-Scale Cargo Lander - Increased capabilities for science and technology payloads

Artemis Support Mission: Human Landing System delivered to Gateway

Artemis III: **Crewed mission** to Gateway and lunar surface

Humans on the Moon - 21st Century

First crew leverages infrastructure

left behind by previous missions

Commercial Lunar Payload Services - CLPS-delivered science and technology payloads

Early South Pole Mission(s)

- First robotic landing on eventual human lunar return and In-Situ Resource Utilization (ISRU) site



unar Terrain Vehicle - Increased astronaut mobility with unpressurized rover

Volatiles Investigating Polar Exploration Rover - First mobility-enhanced lunar volatiles survey

LUNAR SOUTH POLE TARGET SITE

2020

Astrophysics and Artemis

All science opportunities enabled by Project Artemis will include astrophysics

Commercial Lunar Payload Services (CLPS)

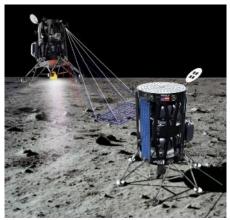
- o All payload calls include astrophysics; two astrophysics payloads selected
 - Internal NASA call: Low-frequency Radio Observations from the Near Side Lunar Surface instrument (PI: Robert MacDowall, GSFC); manifest through CLPS Task Order 2 on Intuitive Machines Lander for NET October 2021
 - ROSES call: Next Generation Lunar Retroreflectors (PI: Douglas Currie, University of Maryland); to be manifest through CLPS Task Order 19D for ~2022

Astrophysics Explorers 2019 Missions of Opportunity

- o 2019 AO included opportunities enabled by Project Artemis.
- Future calls will solicit proposals that leverage Artemis capabilities, such as Gateway as a platform and cis-lunar communications infrastructure, to conduct compelling astrophysics investigations.

Most important criterion for all proposals that leverage Artemis remains the astrophysics science merit.





Intuitive Machines Lander

Astrophysics Decadal Survey Missions

1972 Decadal Survey *Hubble*

nd Astrophysics for the 1970's

Reports of the Panel

Astronomy Ind Astrophysics for the 19603 Weather Marking Marki

Survey *Chandra* **1991** Decadal Survey *Spitzer*

 2001 Decadal Survey JWST

Providence of the second secon

Astro 2020 Decadal Survey on Astronomy and Astrophysics

The National Academies of SCIENCES ENGINEERING MEDICINE



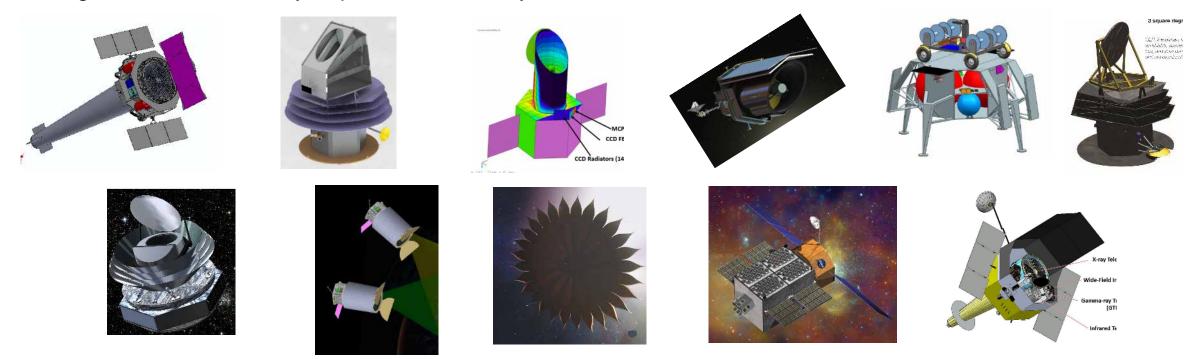
Decadal Survey Goal

NASA's highest aspiration for the 2020 Decadal Survey is that it be ambitious

- The important science questions require new and ambitious capabilities
- Ambitious missions prioritized by previous Decadal Surveys have always led to paradigm shifting discoveries about the universe

Probe (Medium Mission) Concepts

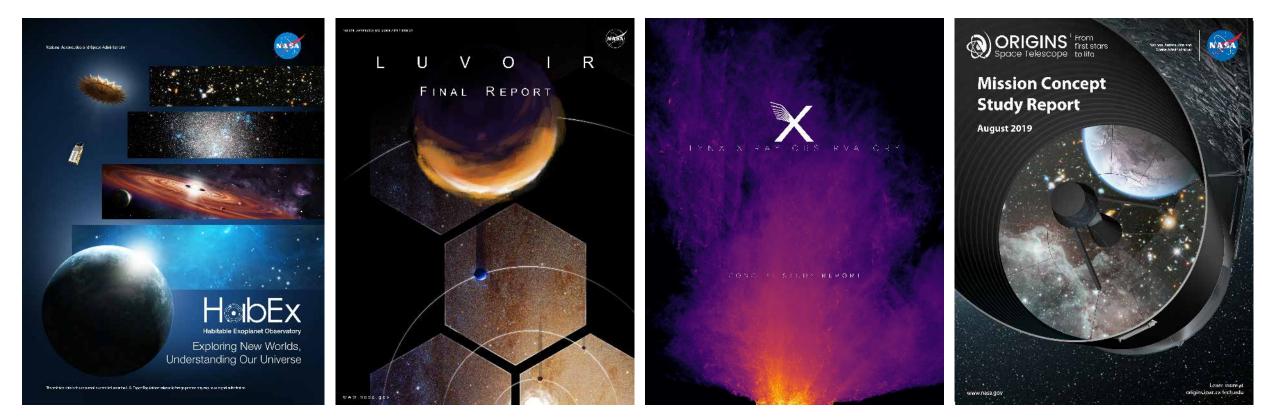
Probes are strategic missions that have had a strong impact on astrophysics, either through a focused investigation or as a broadly-capable observatory



NASA funded probe studies are available at https://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/2020-decadal-survey-planning

NASA's independent assessment of probe studies by the Probes Cost Assessment Team (PCAT) is available at https://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/2020-decadal-survey-planning

Large Mission Concepts



NASA's independent assessment by the Large Mission Concept Independent Assessment Team (LCIT) is available at <u>https://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/2020</u> -decadal-survey-planning

Links to the concept study reports are posted at <u>https://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/2020-decadal-survey-planning</u> and at <u>https://www.greatobservatories.org/</u>





Decadal Survey Goal

NASA's highest aspiration for the 2020 Decadal Survey is that it be ambitious

- The important science questions require new and ambitious capabilities
- Ambitious missions prioritized by previous Decadal Surveys have always led to paradigm shifting discoveries about the universe
- If you plan to a diminishing budget, you get a diminishing program
 - Great visions inspire great budgets

Carpe Posterum

The Future

This is an exciting time for Astrophysics – we are pursuing the answers to the biggest questions

- How did the universe begin and evolve?
- How did galaxies, stars, and planets come to be?
- Are we alone?

Astrophysics is multiwavelength and multimessenger

- NASA has 10 operating astrophysics missions*
- NASA is developing 10 astrophysics missions* and studying 4 for downselect

The community will select NASA's future observatories through the 2020 Decadal Survey and through peer review of competed missions (like Explorers)

NASA is ready to realize the community's priorities



Slides posted at http://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/documents





BACKUP





Science Budget Request Summary (\$M)

	Actual	Request	Enacted	Request	Out-years			
	FY 19	FY 20	FY 20	FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
<u>Science</u>	6.886.6	6,393.7	7,138.9	6,306.5	6,553.5	6,575.7	6,705.2	6,766.9
Earth Science	1.931.0	1,779.8	<u>1,971.8</u>	1,768.1	1,878.2	1,846.1	1,834.5	1,984.6
Earth Science Research	454.1	447.9		447.3	471.9	494.1	528.5	530.3
Earth Systematic Missions	932.7	719.2		608.3	706.1	695.6	640.7	797.3
Earth System Science Pathfinder	223.8	275.4		338.9	301.2	251.6	241.8	234.4
Earth Science Data Systems	202.0	214.4		245.4	259.9	263.2	278.7	277.7
Earth Science Technology	63.4	69.6		74.2	82.8	84.6	86.4	86.4
Applied Sciences	55.1	53.3		53.9	56.3	57.0	58.5	58.5
Planetary Science	2,746.7	2,712.1	2,713.4	2,659.6	2,800.9	2,714.9	2,904.8	2,830.7
Planetary Science Research	276.6	266.2		305.4	288.6	285.1	295.2	286.7
Planetary Defense	150.0	150.0	160.0	150.0	147.2	97.6	98.0	98.0
Lunar Discovery and Exploration	188.0	300.0	300.0	451.5	517.3	491.3	458.3	458.3
Discovery	409.5	502.7		484.3	424.4	434.8	570.1	505.8
New Frontiers	93.0	190.4		179.0	314.3	332.8	326.9	285.0
Mars Exploration	712.7	546.5	570.0	528.5	588.4	671.2	798.7	855.3
Outer Planets and Ocean Worlds	793.6	608.4		414.4	370.7	239.4	192.3	171.7
Radioisotope Power	123.3	147.9	147.9	146.3	150.1	162.8	165.4	169.8
Astrophysics	<u>1,191.1</u>	844.8	1,306.2	831.0	891.2	1,000.9	959.7	975.5
Astrophysics Research	222.8	250.7		269.7	279.1	327.2	314.9	331.1
Cosmic Origins	222.8	185.3		124.0	123.2	120.0	122.4	122.4
Physics of the Cosmos	151.2	148.4		143.9	160.8	155.3	169.8	154.1
Exoplanet Exploration	367.9	46.4		47.2	50.4	47.6	51.6	52.2
Astrophysics Explorer	226.5	214.1		246.2	277.7	350.8	301.0	315.6
James Webb Space Telescope	305.1	352.6	423.0	414.7	175.4	172.0	172.0	172.0
<u>Heliophysics</u>	712.7	704.5	724.5	633.1	807.8	841.8	834.1	804.1
Heliophysics Research	248.9	237.0		230.5	218.7	225.2	224.0	224.5
Living with a Star	135.3	107.6		127.9	134.5	246.4	225.5	233.3
Solar Terrestrial Probes	180.5	177.9	183.2	126.3	262.2	202.6	195.6	115.5
Heliophysics Explorer Program	147.9	182.0	182.0	148.4	192.4	167.6	189.0	230.8

Astrophysics Program Content

	Actual	Request	Enacted	Request	Out-yea		ears	
	FY 19	FY 20	FY 20	FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
Astrophysics	1,191.1	844.8	1,306.2	831.0	891.2	1,000.9	959.7	975.5
Astrophysics Research	222.8	250.7	250.7	269.7	279.1	327.2	314.9	331.1
Astrophysics Research and Analysis	83.4	86.6		90.2	92.2	94.2	94.2	94.2
Balloon Project	40.2	44.8		44.8	45.8	45.7	46.3	46.3
Science Activation	45.0	45.6	45.6	45.6	45.6	45.6	45.6	45.6
Other Missions and Data Analysis	54.2	73.7		89.1	95.5	141.7	128.8	145.0
Astrophysics Data Curation and Archival	17.9	21.2		24.5	26.3	26.4	28.5	28.7
Astrophysics Data Program	19.1	20.4		21.6	22.6	23.6	23.6	23.6
Astrophysics Senior Review		-				51.2	50.4	49.9
Contract Administration, Audit & QA Svcs	12.7	12.7		17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3
Astrophysics Directed R&T	4.5	19.4		25.7	29.4	23.3	9.0	25.5
Cosmic Origins	222.8	185.3		124.0	123.2	120.0	122.4	122.4
Hubble Space Telescope	98.3	83.3	90.8	88.3	98.3	98.3	98.3	98.3
SOFIA	85.2	73.0	85.2	12.0				
Other Missions and Data Analysis	39.3	29.0		23.7	24.9	21.7	24.1	24.1
(development / formulation / technology)								
Cosmic Origins SR&T	24.8	17.1		18.4	18.4	18.4	18.4	18.4
Cosmic Origins Future Missions	0.8	2.2		2.7	4.6	1.6	3.8	3.8
(operating)								
Spitzer	13.2	8.5		1.0				
(research and management)								
Astrophysics Strategic Mission Prog Mgmt	0.4	1.2		1.6	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.0

Astrophysics Program Content

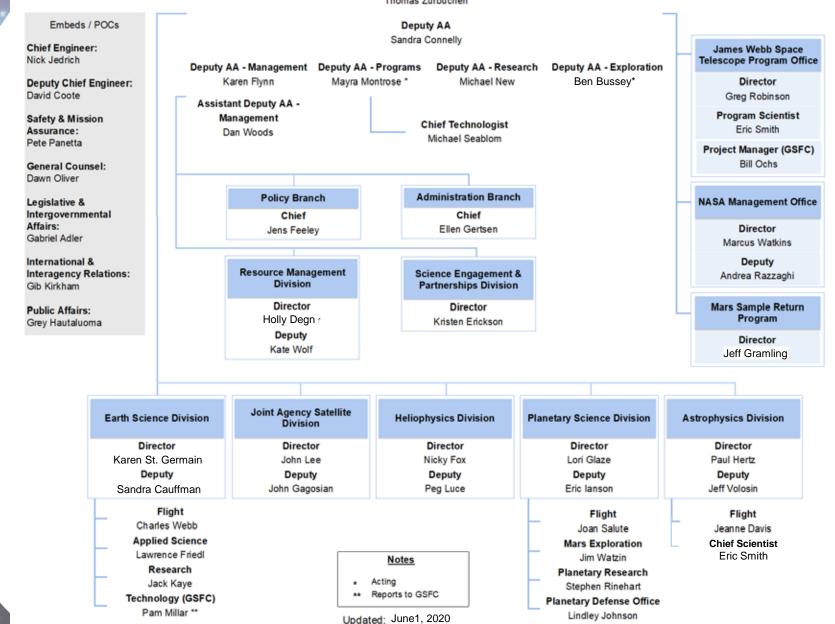
	Actual	Actual Request Enacted Request		Out-years				
	FY 19	FY 20	FY 20	FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
Physics of the Cosmos	<u> 151.2</u>	148.4		143.9	160.8	<u> 155.3</u>	169.8	154.1
(development / formulation / technology)								
Euclid	17.2	13.7		11.0	8.9	9.9	10.3	9.5
Physics of the Cosmos SR&T	45.7	50.9		45.9	61.2	75.2	87.0	72.1
Physics of the Cosmos Future Missions	0.0	2.0		1.6	4.6	2.0	3.7	3.7
(operating)								
Chandra X-Ray Observatory	61.7	58.4		62.3	62.8	62.8	62.8	62.8
Fermi Gamma-ray Space Telescope	16.5	14.0		13.8	13.9			
XMM	4.5	3.5		3.5	3.5			
(research and management)								
PCOS/COR Technology Office Management	5.6	5.9		5.9	6.0	5.4	6.0	6.0
Exoplanet Exploration	<u>367.9</u>	46.4		47.2	50.4	47.6	<u> </u>	52.2
(development / formulation / technology)								
WFIRST	312.2		510.7					
Exoplanet Exploration SR&T	32.1	29.1		31.5	32.0	31.3	30.5	31.2
Exoplanet Exploration Future Missions	0.7	2.8		1.7	3.5	1.6	5.4	5.4
(operating)								
Keck Operations	6.5	6.7		6.9	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.4
Kepler	8.9	1.3						
(research and management)								
Exoplanet Exploration Technoloy Off Mgmt	7.5	6.5		7.1	7.8	7.4	8.2	8.1
	7.5	6.5		7.1	7.8	7.4	8.2	8.

Astrophysics Program Content

	Actual	Request FY 20	Enacted FY 20	Request FY 21	Out-years			
	FY 19				FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
Astrophysics Explorer	226.5	<u>214.1</u>		246.2	277.7	350.8	301.0	315.6
(development / formulation / technology)								
SPHEREX	22.2			90.8	109.1	87.7	28.4	13.0
Imaging X-Ray Polarimetry Explorer	57.0	70.2		45.3	7.4	4.5	0.5	
X-Ray Imaging and Spectroscopy Mission	23.2	29.7		25.1	36.3	17.7	15.9	14.4
CASE				11.9	10.2	10.0	6.4	1.0
GUSTO	19.9	11.1		7.8	5.8	1.0		
Astrophysics Explorer Future Missions	2.3	84.8		10.6	58.0	219.2	241.5	278.1
Universe Explorer Prior Hist Projects	70.0							
(operating)								
Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite	7.7	5.0		14.7	14.1			
Nuclear Spectroscopic Telescope Array	8.5	7.8		8.6	8.6			
Neil Gehrels Swift Observatory	7.0	5.5		5.8	5.8			
NICER	3.8			4.8	4.4			
(research and management)								
Astrophysics Explorer Program Management	4.9			20.7	18.0	10.7	8.3	9.1
James Webb Space Telescope	<u> </u>	352.6	423.0	414.7	175.4	172.0	172.0	172.0
Astrophysics + Webb Total	<u>1,496.2</u>	<u>1,197.3</u>	<u>1,729.2</u>	<u>1,245.7</u>	<u>1,066.6</u>	<u>1,172.9</u>	<u>1,131.7</u>	<u>1,147.5</u>

SMD Organization Chart

Associate Administrator (AA) Thomas Zurbuchen



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