



Astrophysics

Astrophysics Subcommittee

Paul Hertz

Director, Astrophysics Division

February 14, 2013



Division Personnel Changes

Departures

- Nov 30, 2012 Michael Moore retired after 32 years with NASA.
- Feb 8, 2013 Ilana Harrus completed her IPA assignment to accept a position at the NSF.

Arrivals

- Jan 3, 2013 Tony Carro arrived on detail from the Planetary Science Division to be the Exoplanet Exploration Lead PE and Kepler PE.
- Jan 3, 2013 Debra Wallace started her IPA assignment and is leading the Fellowships programs and helping on ADAP and Archives.

Transitions

- William (Billy) Lightsey is the Division Technology Lead.
- Michael Garcia is the APRA Lead and Swift PS.
- Lou Kaluzienski is the Fermi PS.
- Lisa Wainio is the Public Affairs Lead.
- Keith MacGregor is the ATP Lead.



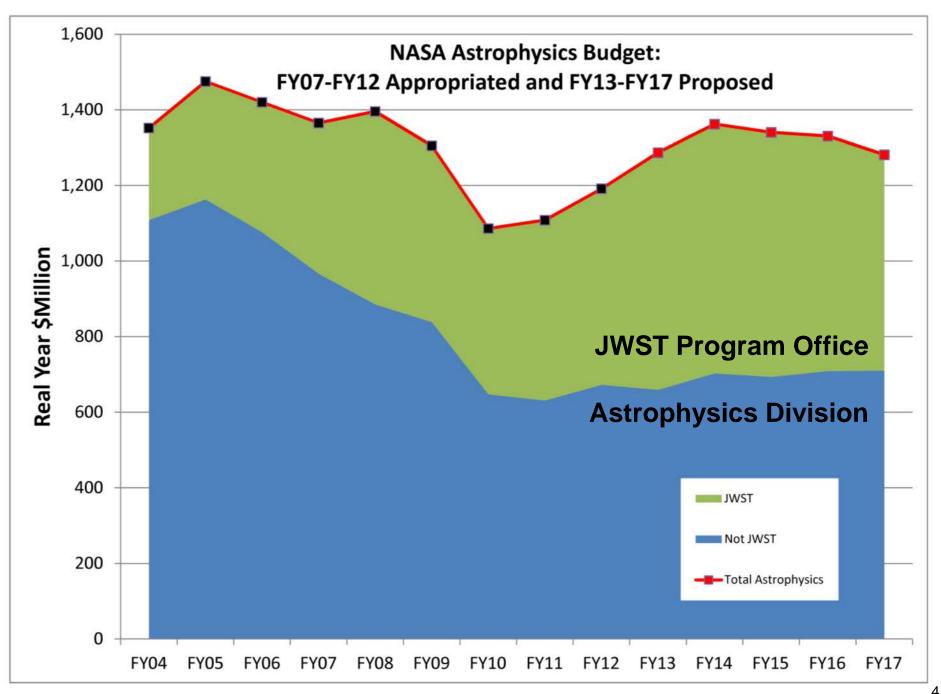
The Big Picture.....

This is a time of opportunity for NASA Astrophysics

- The total Astrophysics budget is at a high level.
- Large and small space-based observatories spanning the electromagnetic spectrum are currently studying the universe.
- The James Webb Space Telescope, the highest priority of the community, is on schedule for an October 2018 launch.
- Astounding suborbital-class investigations are being conducted on sounding rockets, balloons, and the International Space Station.
- Individual investigators are leading data analysis, theory, and technology development projects selected through open, competitive, peer reviewed solicitations.
- We are preparing for the strategic mission that will be developed following JWST.

The budgetary future is uncertain

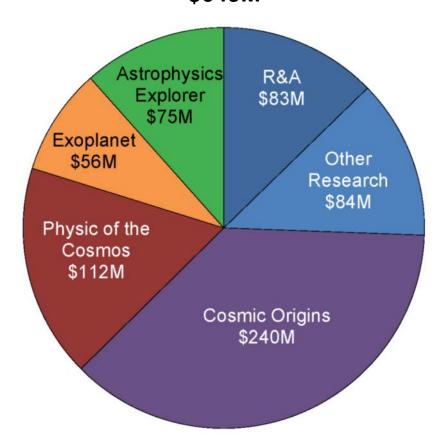
- "If you can't live with uncertainty, please don't come to work at NASA Headquarters." (Paul Hertz, quoted in Space News, 2012 Nov 11 issue)





FY2013 President's Budget

Total FY13 Budget (excluding JWST)* \$649M



* Final funding levels pending an FY13 appropriation by Congress and the concurrence of Congress on NASA's initial FY13 operating plan

- Astrophysics Research includes:
 - R&A Programs (APRA, ADAP, ATP, OSS, RTF, TCAN)
 - Research Support: Balloon
 Program, Astrophysics Data
 Archives, Senior Review Wedge
- Cosmic Origins includes:
 - Hubble, SOFIA, Herschel, Spitzer, technology development
- Physics of the Cosmos includes:
 - Chandra, Fermi, Planck, XMM, LPF, Euclid, technology development
- Exoplanet Exploration includes:
 - WFIRST, Kepler, Keck Ops, LBTI, technology development
- Astrophysics Explorer includes:
 - Astro-H, NuSTAR, Swift, WISE,
 WMAP, Suzaku, GALEX, EX-1 and
 EX-MO, future Explorers

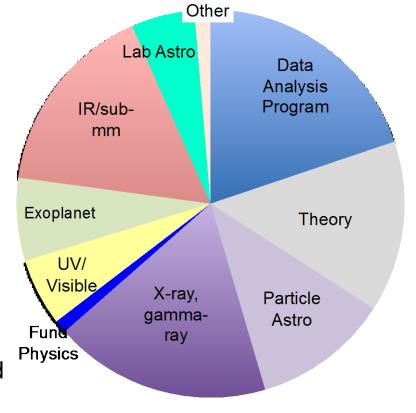


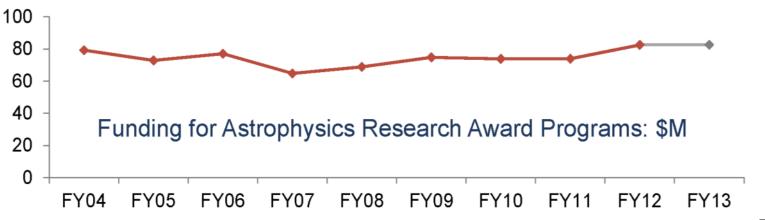
Astrophysics Research Awards



	Proposals	Year-1	Success	
	Rec'd	\$M		
RTF-11	16	0.6	19%	
APRA-11	162	12	27%	
SAT-11	48	8	21%	
ADAP-12	291	9	31%	
OSS-12	46	2	26%	
ATP-12	181	4	15%	

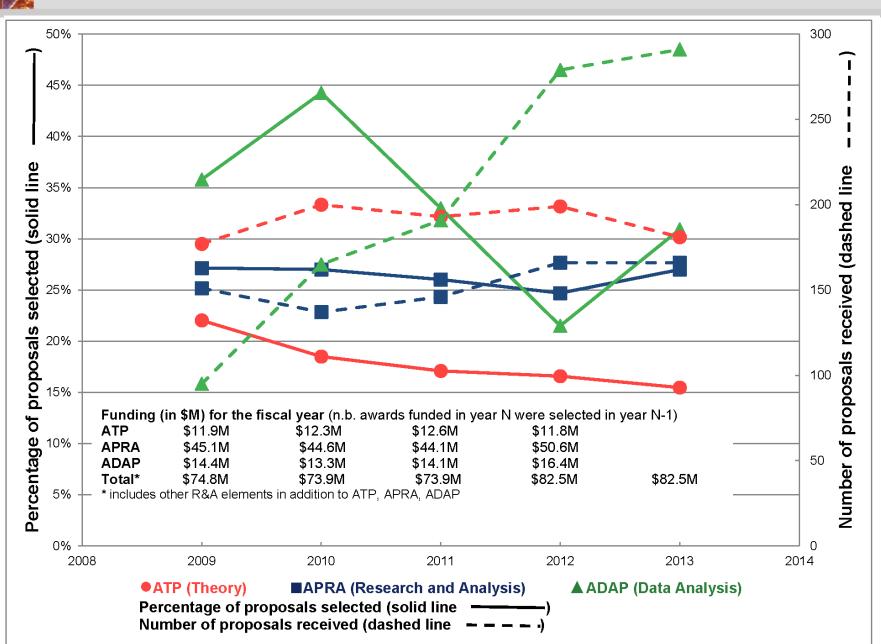
Split of \$82.562M spent in FY12 PI Award programs plus management overhead







Astrophysics R&A Funding Trends



ROSES Selections Since October

	Proposal Due Date	Notify Date	Days since received	Number received	Number selected	% selected
Astrophysics Theory Program	Jul 13	Dec 6	146	181	28	15%
Euclid Science Team	Aug 31	Nov 7	68	8	3	38%
Swift Guest Investigators	Sep 26	Dec 18	83	158	45	28%
Nancy Grace Roman Technology Fellowships	Nov 8	[1]		12		
Kepler Guest Observer	Jan 18	[2]		62		
Fermi Guest Observer	Jan 18	[3]		233		

- [1] Peer review in January
- [2] Peer review in April
- [3] Peer review in March



New Opportunity: TCAN Theory & Computational Astrophysics Networks

- Astro2010 recommended that NASA, NSF, and DoE jointly provide awards to Theory and Computation Networks that address major theoretical questions raised in Astro2010 that are ripe for a breakthrough.
- Theoretical and Computational Astrophysics Networks (TCAN) is a joint program with NSF.
 - The text of this solicitation can be found on the NSF web page at http://go.usa.gov/Yehz
 - Information for NASA proposers is in Appendix D.12 of ROSES-12.
 - All proposals must be submitted via NSF's FastLane at https://www.fastlane.nsf.gov/
 - Proposers and their institutions must be registered in FastLane for proposal submission.
- The window for proposal submission on FastLane opens on February 1, 2013 and closes on February 14, 2013 at 5 pm local time for the proposer.
 - The NASA point of contact for TCAN, Joan Centrella, can be reached at Joan.Centrella@nasa.gov or (202) 358-2522.
 - The NSF point of contact for TCAN, Thomas Statler, can be reached at tstatler@nsf.gov or (703) 292-4910.



Program Update - NuSTAR

Cas A

- 2-year Prime Mission started Aug 1, 2012.
- Early pointing and alignment issues have largely been mitigated.
 - Unexpected thermal displacements of both the star tracker camera head units and mast structure.
 - Initial alignment of star cameras was off by ~4mm instead of the planned 1mm.
- Science observations proceeding well.
- NuSTAR working with other missions for coordinated observations (e.g., viewing 3C273 along with Chandra, XMM-Newton, Swift, Suzaku, and INTEGRAL).
- Multiple results reported at AAS including:
 - Cas A: 10-30keV images constrain shock acceleration
 - ULXs: high energy spectra imply super-Eddington accretion



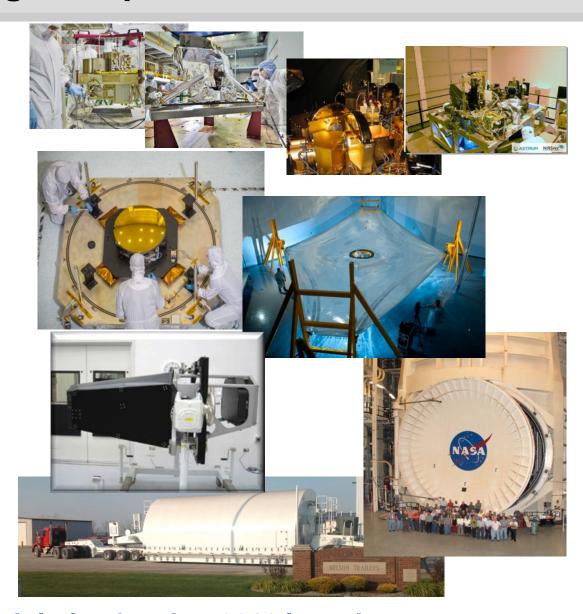
Blue:15-20 keV Green: 8-10 keV Red: 4.5-5.5 keV



Program Update - JWST

JWST 2012 Progress

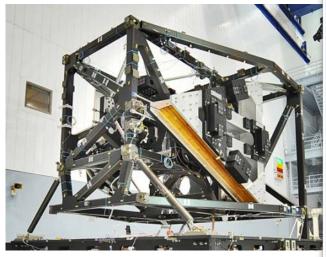
- 2 of 4 flight instruments delivered
- Other 2 instruments in cryovac testing right now, delivery this Summer
- 3 primary mirror segments and secondary mirror delivered
- All Aft Optics System testing completed
- 3 of 5 engineering template sunshields complete, 1 nearly complete, 1 being assembled
- Modifications to JSC chamber A completed and test objectives met
- Ground and air transport container for Observatory delivered





Integration of the JWST Integrated Science Instrument Module (ISIM) Is Well Underway

ISIM Structure

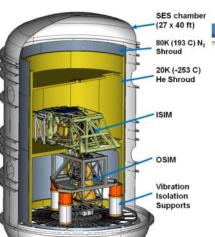




ISIM Electronics









Program Update - Kepler

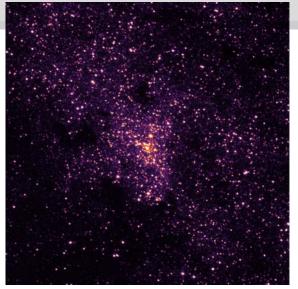
- Announced additional 461 planet candidates (61 HZ candidates of all sizes, including one super-Earth around sun-like star) at AAS.
- Completed Quarter 15 Month 3 Science Data download.
- Elevated friction on wheel 4 seen in X-band on January 7.
- After observing persistence of elevated friction, wheel placed in rest position for 10 days starting January 17
- Reaction wheels restarted on January 27, less than 1 hour spent in low speed state.
- Returned to science mode on January 28.
- Next Ka band downlink scheduled for March 6.
 - Will determine status of elevated friction on wheel 4 at that time.



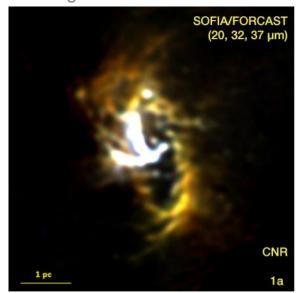


Program Update - SOFIA

- Completed Avionics Check Flight #4 on Jan 14.
 - Demonstrated that the remaining significant avionics anomaly (2 Hz yoke chatter) has been fixed.
 - Performed observatory Verification and Validation (V&V) flights on Jan 23.
 - Installation of upgraded Focal Plane Imager (FPI) has begun.
 - Instrument commissioning and remaining observatory V&V scheduled for Feb-May 2013.
- Released two FORCAST mid-infrared images of galactic center at AAS Winter Meeting.
- Cycle 1 Science scheduled for May-Dec 2013.
 - First Cycle 1 science flight is now scheduled for May 4, a Pluto occultation observation using HIPO.
 - Includes Southern Hemisphere deployment to New Zealand.
- Delayed completion of avionics upgrade / check flights challenges completion of Cycle 1 science in 2013.



Hubble image of the same region at the same scale.



SOFIA FORCAST image of Milky Way Circumnuclear Ring14

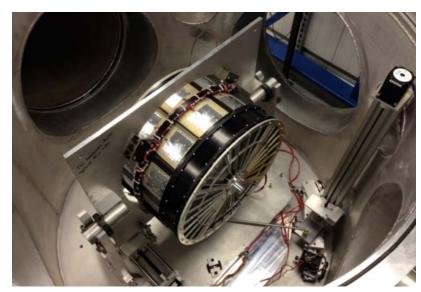


Program Update - Astro-H

- Feb 18-22: Engineering and Science Team meetings at Tsukuba, Japan.
- NASA flight model hardware fabrication is on track.
- Engineering model instrument performance test concluded Dec 13.
- NASA detector verified to have ~5eV resolution (7eV requirement). Detector was cooled to 50 mK using method developed in lab at GSFC as work-around to failed heat switch.
- Severe issue with JAXA cryocoolers identified. Cryocoolers produce microphonics that induce heating in the NASA microcalorimeter detector which degrades the resolution to ~ 60 eV. (Requirement = 7eV) JAXA is working redesign of cryocooler suspension system.
- JAXA schedule under review to accommodate resolution of these issues.



EM instrument testing in Japan



FM x-ray Mirror in testing at GSFC

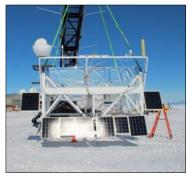


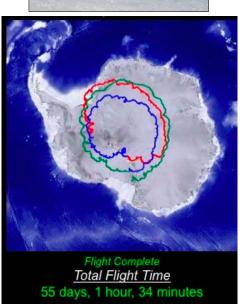
Antarctic Campaign 2012-2013

Super-TIGER (R. Binns, WUStL) Trans-Iron Galactic Element Recorder, measure ultra-heavy cosmic rays. Launched Dec 8, 2012; landed Feb 1, 2013. BLAST (M. Devlin, U Penn)
Balloon-borne Large-Aperture
Submillimeter Telescope, map
large-scale magnetic fields of
star forming molecular clouds.
Launched Dec 25, 2012; landed
Jan 10, 2013.

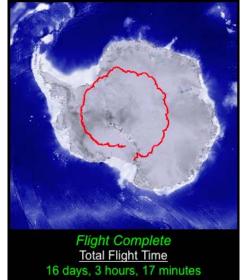
EBEX (S. Hanany, U Minn)

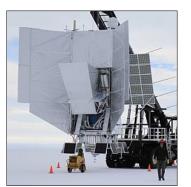
The E and B Experiment, measure the intensity and polarization of the cosmic microwave background. Launched Dec 28, 2012; landed Jan 23, 2013; recovery underway Jan 30, 2013.

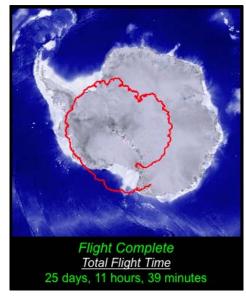




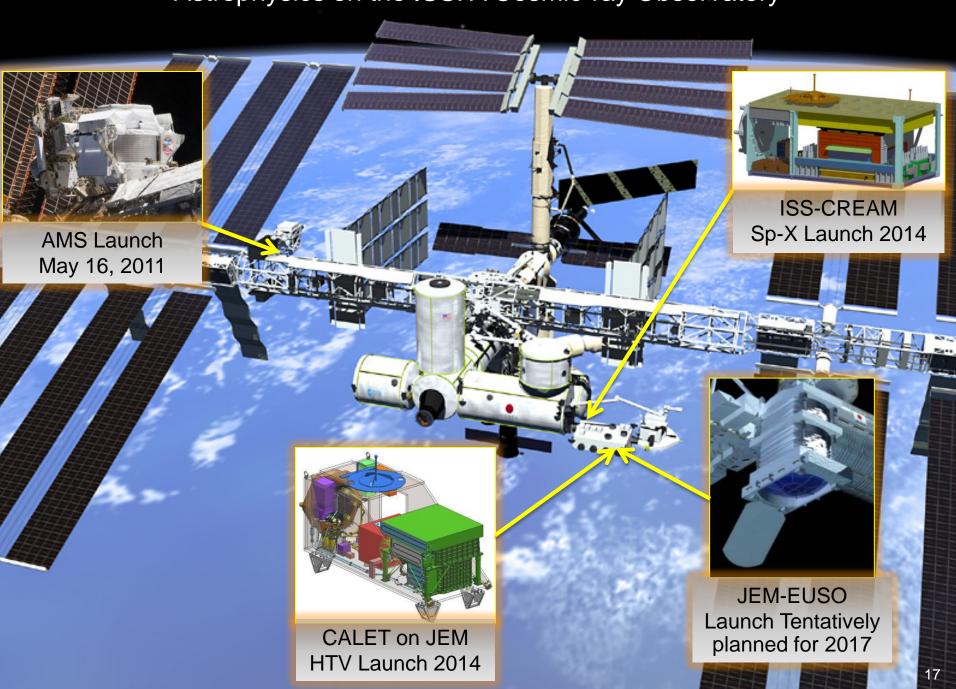








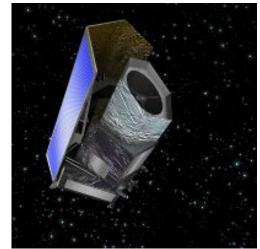
Astrophysics on the ISS: A Cosmic-ray Observatory





Program Update - Euclid

- The ESA and NASA have signed the MOU in January 2013.
- NASA's portion of the project approved to enter Phase B on Dec. 21, 2012.
 - NASA is providing the flight sensor chip subsystems (SCS or triplet) for the Euclid NISP instrument; SCS consists of H2RG sensor chip subassembly, SIDECAR ASIC, and flexcable
 - NASA Euclid project is at JPL
 - Characterization of SCS will be done at GSFC
 - NASA Confirmation is planned for late Summer 2013
- NASA has selected 3 proposals for Euclid science investigations
 - ESA has appointed Jason Rhodes (JPL) to the ESA Euclid Science team. This confirms NASA's selection and nomination.
 - NASA has nominated to ESA 40 members of the Euclid Consortium and Jason Rhodes to the Euclid Consortium Board. The Euclid Consortium has approved all of NASA's nominations in January 2013.
 - Precision Studies of Galaxy Growth and Cosmology Enabled Through a Physical Model for Nebular Emission
 - PI R. Chary (Caltech), 3 members
 - Looking at Infrared Background Radiation Anisotropies with Euclid
 - PI A. Kashlinsky (GSFC), 7 members
 - · Constraining Dark Energy and Gravity with Euclid
 - PI J. Rhodes (JPL), 36 members (+ some current EC members)





Program Update – WFIRST

- WFIRST Science Definition Team (SDT) delivered its final report in August 2012
 - First Design Reference Mission (DRM1) is a proof of concept that a mission can be constructed that is compliant with the Astro2010 recommendation. [1.3m mirror, current technology detectors, 5 year mission]
 - Second Design Reference Mission (DRM2) does not duplicate capabilities of Euclid, LSST, and JWST in advancing science objectives of WFIRST and looks for cost savings. [1.1 m mirror, evolved technology detectors, 3 year mission]
 - SDT report shows that (a) DRM1 is fully responsive to the objectives of Astro2010 and (b) DRM2 offers a low-cost near-IR survey opportunity, but the limited 3-year life precludes full compliance with Astro2010 goals.
- Astrophysics Focused Telescope Assets (AFTA) SDT studying use of 2.4m telescope assets for advancing the science objectives of WFIRST
 - See next slide
- WFIRST Study Office at GSFC is continuing to revise DRM and study trades
- NASA is investing in evolved detector technology through the competitive SAT program
 - Enable the continued maturation of the H4RG-10 near-IR detector array to TRL-5
 - Achieve HgCdTe detector design/process improvements that will benefit WFIRST and other applications

http://wfirst.gsfc.nasa.gov/



Astrophysics Focused Telescope Assets (AFTA) Study

- Seven month study planned to assess the use of the 2.4m telescope to implement an Astro2010 mission to accomplish the WFIRST science.
- Science Definition Team formed to support study activities.
- Decisions made by SDT as of November 30, 2012.
 - GEO orbit (baselined, but pros and cons still being discussed by SDT members).
 - 3 x 6 array of H4RG10 detectors.
 - Grism (not prism) for the spectrograph.
 - Diffraction limited at 1.2 micron (versus 1.0 micron in prior DRMs).
 - Coronagraph will be a Lyot with a shaped pupil mask.

- Cut down baffling so obscuration will be 30% instead of the current 40%. This is being

done for the coronagraph instrument.

- SDT face-to-face meeting held in conjunction with AAS Meeting in Long Beach on Jan 10-11, 2013.
- Preliminary findings are that science increase over WFIRST DRM1 and DRM2 is substantial.



Mock up of the 2.4m telescope now located at GSFC



Study on Applications of Large Space Optics (SALSO)

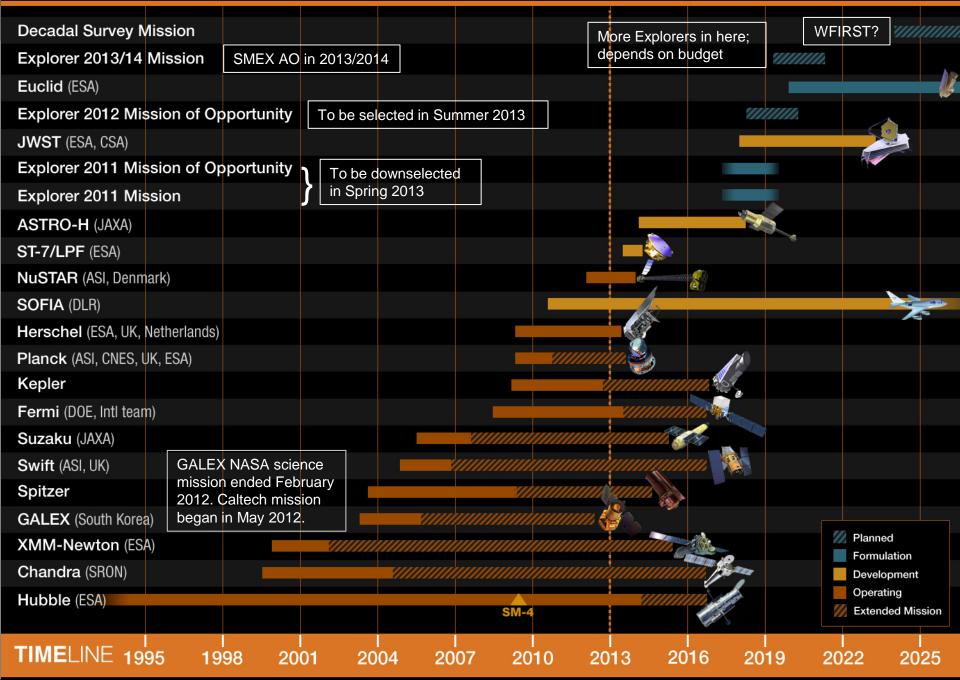
- In June 2012, NASA announced that it had acquired the use of two sets of 2.4m space-qualified telescope optics systems and supporting components.
- Although their most obvious applications are in astrophysics, NASA is interested in identifying possible uses for these systems to address a broader range of its science, exploration, and technology goals.
 - In November 2012, NASA released an RFI soliciting broad community inputs focused on utilization of the telescope assets for Agency goals in space technology, human exploration and operations, heliophysics, planetary science, and astrophysics (excluding a wide field infrared survey).
 - A workshop was held February 5-6, 2013, in Huntsville AL to provide a forum for concept presentation and discussion of innovative ideas.
 - Astrophysics concepts included UV/Visible observatories, exoplanet observatories, solar system observatories, time domain observatory, deep imaging observatories, exo-ecliptic observatory, binocular observatory, balloon borne observatory, etc.
 - This will be followed by additional study by NASA of representative concepts presented at the workshop.
- NASA will use all of the information gathered to formulate and evaluate future strategies for utilizing the assets to advance Agency goals.
 - A final study report will contain the workshop briefings and the results of follow-on analyses. This report will be completed about May 2013 and publicly released thereafter.

http://science.nasa.gov/salso/



Explorer Program

- The Astro2010 Decadal Survey stated that "NASA should support the selection of two new astrophysics MIDEX missions, two new astrophysics SMEX missions, and at least four astrophysics MoOs over the coming decade."
- The Astrophysics Explorer budget has been significantly augmented to enable selection of 4 PI-led missions and 4 PI-led Missions of Opportunity (MOs) over a decade.
 - NASA will downselect in Spring 2013 one mission and one MO from the projects currently conducting Phase A studies (FINESSE/TESS, GUSSTO/NICER).
 - NASA will select in Summer 2013 one (or more) MO from the proposals received in December 2012.
- Astrophysics Division is planning a series of AOs (subject to budget approval):
 - An AO for a SMEX in late-2013/early 2014 with the cost caps and dates TBD (no MO call in this AO the late 2012 MO solicitation was the associated MO call).
 - An AO for an EX and MO in 2015.
 - AOs, each for a mission and MO, will be approximately 2.5 years apart (4 per decade), subject to budget availability.

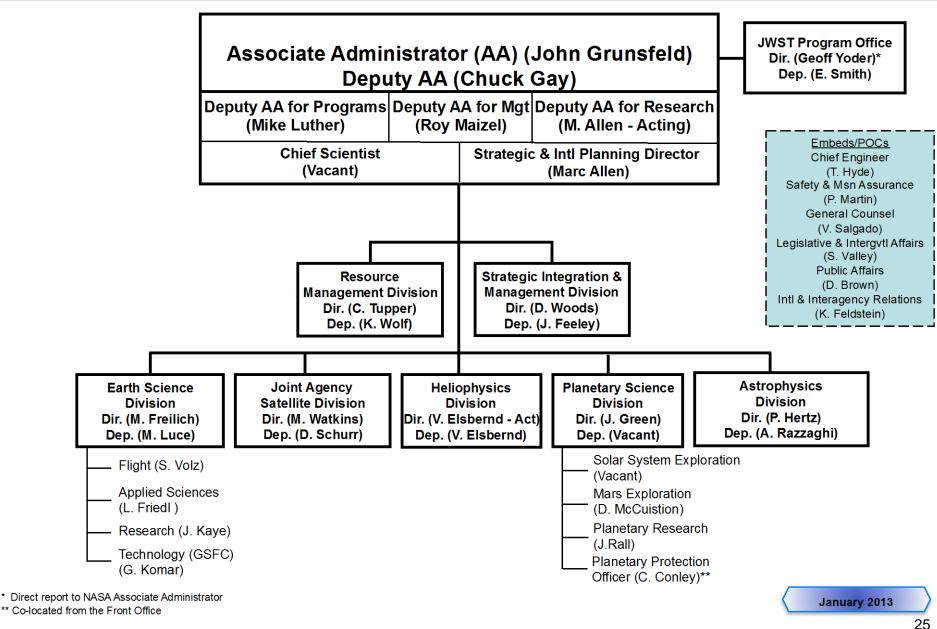




Backup



SMD Organization





Astrophysics Division Organization Chart

Resource Management

Omana Cawthon + Peifen Anawalt +

DirectorPaul Hertz

Deputy Director Andrea Razzaghi

Lead Secretary: Leslie Allen (acting)

Secretary: Christie Ashley *

Program Support Specialist: Sheila Gorham

Cross Cutting

Technology Lead: William (Billy) Lightsey * Strategic Integration: Joan Centrella *

Division E/PO POC: Hashima Hasan (Lead Comm Team)

Division PAO POC: Lisa Wainio * Information Manager: Lisa Wainio *

Astrophysics Research

Program Manager: Linda Sparke

Astrophysics Data Analysis: Doug Hudgins, Debra Wallace

Astrophysics Theory: Linda Sparke
Origins of Solar Systems: Larry Petro *
APRA lead: Michael Garcia *

Cosmic Rays, Fundamental Physics: Joan Centrella*,

Vernon Jones, Keith

MacGregor*

Gamma Ray/X-ray: Michael Garcia*,

Lou Kaluzienski, Wilt Sanders*

Optical/Ultraviolet: Michael Garcia, Richard

Griffiths, Hashima Hasan, Mario Perez *, Larry Petro *

IR/Submillimeter/Radio: Richard Griffiths, Doug

Hudgins, Larry Petro, Glenn Wahlgren*

Lab Astro: Glenn Wahlgren*

Data Archives: Hashima Hasan

Astrophysics POC for Sounding Rockets: Wilt Sanders * Balloons Program: Vernon Jones (PS), Mark Sistilli (PE)

Programs / Missions

<u>Program Scientist</u> <u>Program Executive</u> **Exoplanet Exploration (EXEP)**

February 11, 2013

LEADS Doug Hudgins
Keck Hashima Hasan Mario Perez *
Kepler Doug Hudgins Tony Carro *
LBTI Hashima Hasan Mario Perez *
NExScl Hashima Hasan Mario Perez *

Cosmic Origins (COR)

LEADS Michael Garcia * John Gagosian Herschel Glenn Wahlgren * John Gagosian Hubble Richard Griffiths * John Gagosian JWST Hashima Hasan N/A SOFIA Glenn Wahlgren * John Gagosian Glenn Wahlaren * John Gagosian Spitzer

Physics of the Cosmos (PCOS)

LEADSRichard Griffiths *Lia LaPianaChandraWilt Sanders *Lia LaPianaEuclidRichard Griffiths *Lia LaPianaFermiLou KaluzienskiLia LaPianaPlanckJoan Centrella *Lia LaPiana

ST-7/LPF Wilt Sanders * Anne-Marie Novo-Gradac XMM-Newton Lou Kaluzienski Lia LaPiana

Astrophysics Explorers (APEX)

LEADS Wilt Sanders * Anne-Marie Novo-Gradac Astro-H Anne-Marie Novo-Gradac Lou Kaluzienski GALEX Larry Petro * Anne-Marie Novo-Gradac **NuSTAR** Lou Kaluzienski Mark Sistilli Lou Kaluzienski Anne-Marie Novo-Gradac Suzaku Anne-Marie Novo-Gradac Swift Michael Garcia * WISE Hashima Hasan Anne-Marie Novo-Gradac

- + Member of the Resources Mgmt Division
- * Detailee, IPA, or contractor JWST now part of the JWST Program Office.

Kelly Johnson on detail until Aug. 2013. Rita Sambruna on detail until Sept. 2013



Funding Opportunities in 2013

- ROSES-13 is currently planned for release on February 14, 2013
 - Delay in release of the President's budget may cause a delay in the release of ROSES-13
 - All solicitations are subject to availability of budget; the President's FY13 budget request (not yet appropriated by Congress) includes a 1.8% increase for R&A
 - Caveats: No FY13 appropriation, possible sequestration, no FY14 budget request
- ROSES-13 will include the usual Astrophysics R&A and GO solicitations:
- Due Dates will be about the same time as last year. Upcoming 2013 due dates:

January 18, 2013 January 18, 2013	Fermi Guest Investigator Cycle 6 Kepler Guest Observer Cycle 5
February 14, 2013	Theory and Computational Astrophysics Networks (via NSF FastLane)
March 1, 2013	Kepler Participating Scientist Program
March 22, 2013	Astrophysics Research and Analysis: APRA-12 Strategic Astrophysics Technology: SAT-12
May 17, 2013	Astrophysics Data Analysis: ADAP-13
May 23, 2013	Origins of Solar Systems: OSS-13
July 12, 2013	Astrophysics Theory Program: ATP-13
September 26, 2013	Swift Guest Investigator Cycle 10
November 1, 2013	Nancy Grace Roman Technology Fellowships for early career researchers (RTF-13)

ROSES-12